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ABSTRACT

This report consists of data describing participation in adult education in 1981. Estimates in the report are based on supplementary questions in the May 1981 Current Population Survey conducted and tabulated for the National Center for Education Statistics by the Bureau of the Census. Examined first are the following characteristics of participants in adult education: age and sex, race/ethnic groups, level of education, annual family income, geographic area, labor force status, and occupation of employed participants. Following a description of the types of courses taken by participants in adult education, data are presented concerning reasons for taking courses, providers of instruction, and major sources of funding. Appended to the report are 10 tables; technical notes concerning the sample design, estimating methods, and reliability of data; and a copy of the survey instrument. (MN)

Participation Education Education

Evelyn R. Kay
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Education Statistics

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"The purpose of the Center shall be to collect and disseminate statistics and other data related to education in the United States and in other nations. The Center shall . . . collect, collate, and, from time to time, report full and complete statistics on the conditions of education in the United States; conduct and publish reports on specialized analyses of the meaning and significance of such statistics; . . . and review and report on education activities in foreign countries." Section 406(b) of the General Education Provisions Act, as amended (20 U.S.C. 1221e-1).

Foreword

The May 1981 survey Participation in Adult Education is the fifth of the triennial series begun in May 1969. Its main purpose is to determine the extent and characteristics of adults 17 years of age and over who participate in any education or learning activities. These surveys were conducted under contract with the National Center for Education Statistics (NCES) by the Bureau of the Census as part of its monthly Current Population Survey.

Complementing this survey of individuals are annual or periodic surveys of the various types of organizations that provide education or learning opportunities for adults, such as the Higher Education General Information Surveys (HEGIS) (including the adult/continuing education special survey); the postsycondary vocational school survey; the survey of home study schools; and the survey of free universities

and learning referral centers.

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Early this year, a decision was made to drop the triennial May survey. The Bureau of the Census will continue to include education questions on the Current Population Surveys during the month of October. Plans are being made to incorporate these questions on a 3-year cycle that would respond to anticipated data needs in adult education and still be flexible enough to include questions about unforeseen problems or issues.

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July 1982



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For More Information

A description of the Center's statistical program and a catalog of NCES publications may be obtained from the Statistical Information Office, National Center for Education Statistics, (mail stop 1001), 400 Maryland Avenue SW., Washington, D.C. 20202, telephone (301) 436-7900.

Data tapes for the 1981 Survey of Adult Education may be obtained from:

Data User Services Division Customer Services Branch Bureau of the Census Room 3524, Building No. 3 Washington, D.C. 20233

Telephone: (301) 763-2400



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Introduction

Of the 166 million adults 17 years of age and older in May 1981, more than 21 million (13 percent) participated in one or more adult education activities during the preceding 12 months. Adult education consists of all courses and organized educational activities taken part-time, as identified by the respondent. Included among adult education participants are 1.2 million full-time students in elementary and high school, college, and vocational school (more than 6 months in length) who took an adult education course in addition to their regular school work. However, the majority (20 million) of the adult education participants consisted of those who were part-time students in an elementary or secondary school, college, or vocational school, as well as those who took a course but who were not otherwise classified as students.

Nearly 145 million people were not enrolled in an adult education course in 1981. Of this number; 10 million were full-time students in programs leading toward a high school diploma or a college or university degree, or in a vocational program lasting 6 months or more. The rest did not engage in any education activity. This report covers only the 21 million people who participated in adult education. The following table summarizes these data:

Student status	Total	Full-time students	Not full-tima students	•
	-	(in thousands)	·	
Total population	165,830	11,273	154,557	ă.
In adult education	21,252	1,228	20,024	
Not in adult education	144,578	10,045	134,533	

This survey of adult education evolved over a period of a dozen years, during which substantial changes were made in coverage. Major differences were the inclusion of the 35-year-olds and over as part of the regular school population and the exclusion of the full-time, long-term (6 months or more) vocational students as adult education participants. The following table shows the type of activities that were and were not counted as participation in adult education between 1969 and 1981:



· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Counted	Counted as participants in adult education					
Type of adult student	1981	1978	1975	1972	1969		
Participants in adult education who were not full-time students in regular school	yes _.	yes	yes	yes	yes		
17 through 34 years of age	.yes ves	yes yes	no yes	no yas•	NO Vec		
Participants in adult education whose full-time status in regular school was not reported	yes	yes	no	not sp	xes ecified		
Full-time students in regular school	^						
17 through 34 years of age	no no	no `	NO.	NO	NO"		
Full-time students in occupational programs of 6 months or more			no;	yes	yes		
Full-time students in occupational programs of less than 6 months	no no	r no yes	yes yes	yes yes	yes yes		

^{1/1} Includes schooling leading to an 8th grade certificate, a high school diploma, or a college degree; excludes students in occupational programs.

The estimates in this report are based on supplementary questions in the May 1981 Current Population Survey conducted and tabulated for the National Center for Education Statistics by the Bureau of the Census. The sample design, estimating methods, and reliability of the data are described in the appendix.

Characteristics of Participants in Adult Education

In general, participants in adult education tend to be young, to have completed at least one year of college, and to have a higher-than-average income. This section of the report describes in more detail these and other characteristics of adult education participants.

Age and Sex

During the 3-year period between 1978 and 1981, participation in adult education grew from 18 million to 21 million, an increase of 17 percent. Most of the increase occurred in the 35-and-over group, which grew from 8 million to nearly 10 million. Although men made up a smaller proportion of adult education participants than women, they experienced an increase of over 20 percent during that time compared to an increase of 14 percent for women. The following tabulation summarizes these data:

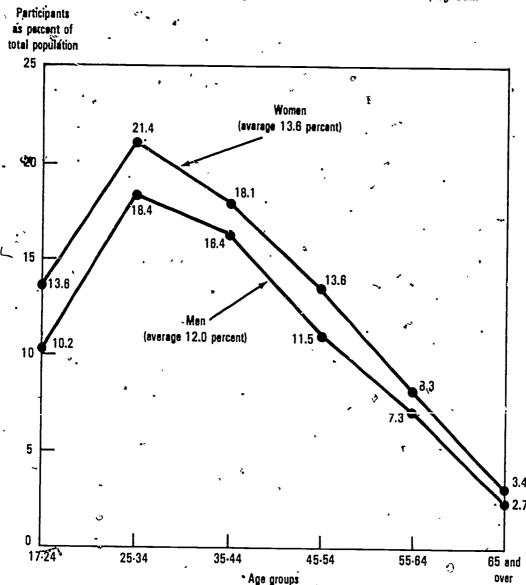
	Age and sex	1978	1981	Percent change	_	
		(in mi	llions)			
	Total participants	18.2	21.3	17.0	• •	
	Men	7.8	9.4,	20.5	v	
	Women	10.4	11.9	14.4		
••	Less than 35 years	ì 0.2	11.5	12.7		•
	35 years and over	8.0	9.8	22.5	,	

Participants in adult education tend to be young. Nearly 54 percent of the adult education participants in 1981 were under 35 years old, whereas this age group made up only 43 percent of the adult population. The greatest concentration of participants was in the 25-34 age group (35 percent of all participants). In contrast, only 12 percent of the participants were 55 years old and over, compared with 28 percent in this age group in the total adult population.

Women accounted for 56 percent of all participants in adult education, about the same proportion as 3 years earlier. In 1981, nearly 12 million women and over 9 million men took one or more courses in adult education. The participation rate for women was 13.6 percent compared with 12 percent for men. This pattern of women participating at higher rates than men is repeated at each age level (see figure 1). At the highest level of participation, over 21 percent of the women in the 25-34 age group took at least one adult education course in 1981, compared with 18 percent of the men in the same age group. Subsequent older age groups showed progressively lower participation rates, but always with women at higher rates.



Figure 1. Age-group participation rates in adult education, by sex.



Race/Ethnic Groups

White non-Hispanics made up the majority of the adult education participants; 88 percent of the participants were white compared with 82 percent in the total population. Black non-Hispanics made up 6 percent of the participants; other non-Hispanics, 2.4 percent; and Hispanics, 3.6 percent. White non-Hispanics participated in adult education at higher rates than their representation in the population as a whole, whereas black non-Hispanics and Hispanics participated at lower rates (see table 1).

White non-Hispanics at older age groups were more likely than other older race/ethnic groups to be in adult education. For example, 47 percent of both white non-Hispanic men and women who took an adult education course were over 35, compared with a range of 35 to 42 percent over 35 years of age for all other race/ethnic groups. The following tabulation summarizes these data:



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	•	Man	i â	- Won	en `	. ,	
	Race/ethnic group	Number in adult education . (in thousands)	Parcent 35 years and over	Number in adult education (in thousands)	Percent 35 years and over	_	<u> </u>
	Total	9,358	46.3	11,893	46.8		_`.
	Non-Hispanic	9,026	46.7	11,456	47.2		
	White	8,279 .	47.5	10,395	46.9		
	Black	505	37.0	793	40.1		
•	Other	242	40.5	269	42.0		
	Hispanic	333	35.4	437	36.6		

Note: Details may not add to totals because of rounding.

Level of Education

The level of participation in adult education is directly related to the level of education: as educational levels increase, the rate of participation increases. For example, the level of participation in adult education, rose at each higher educational level from 2.2 percent of the total population with less than eighth grade education to 31 percent with 5 years of college and more. Women were more likely than men to participate at each educational level. The following participation rates summarize these data:

	·	Educational level	Total	Men	Woman	
•				(percant)		0
•	,	· Total	12.8	12.0	13.6	•
,	,	Elamentary:	_			
		0-8 yaars	2.2	2.2	2.2	
	* .	High school:				
A	v	1-3 years	5.6	4.9	6.1	
		4 years	11.1	9.7	12.1	
		College:		•	·	
		. 1-3 yaars	19.6	17.2	21.6	•
		4 yaars	26.1	23.4	29.2	
		5 years and over .	31.1	28.4	35.6	

Further analysis shows that participants in adult education were more likely than the total population to have some college experience. Excluding the 5 million participants in adult education who were also part-time college students, over 44 percent of the participants had I year of college or more compared with 29 percent of the total population. A smaller proportion of women than men had at least I year of college in both the



Nearly 5 million students attended colleges and universities part-time in October 1980, according to the Higher Education General Information Survey (NCES publication No. 82-104).

Table 1. Characteristics of the population 17 years old and over and of participants in adult education,
May 1381

Characteristic	Total pop	pulation .	Participa edult edu		Participation	
Charecteristic	Number (in thousands)	Percent distribution	Number (in thousands)	Percent distribution	rate	
Total, 17 years and over:	165,830	100,0	2),252	100.0	12.8	
17-24	33,073	19.9	3,941	18.5	11.9	•
25-34	37,714	22.7	7,509	35.3	19.9	
35.44	26,113	15.7	4,512	21.2	17.3	
	22,455	13.5	2,821	1,3.3 `	12.6	•
55:64	21,722 ′	13:1	1,702	8.1	7.8	
65 years and over	24,753	14.9	768	3.6	3.1	•
Men, 17 years and ovar:	78,293	100.0	9,359	100.0	12.0	
. 17-24	- 16,146	20.6	7,640	17.5	10.2	
25-34	18,404	23.6	3,385	36.2	18.4 `	
35-44	12,659	16.2	2,075	22.2	16.4	4
,	10,817	13.8	1,240	13.2	11.5	٤
55-64	10,131	1,2.9	739	7.9	7.3	,
85 years and over	10,133	12.9	278	3.0	2.7 .	. •
Women, 17 years and over:	87,538	100:0	11,893	100.0	13.6	
· 17·24	16,727	19:3	2,300	· 19.3	13.6	
25-34	19,30\$	22.1	4,123	• 34.7	21.4	
35-44	13,454	15.4	2,437	20.5	18.1	
45-54	11,636	13.3	1,581	. 13.3	13.6 i	
55.64	11,591	13.2	⊳ 962	8.1	8.3	· OF
65 years and over	14,620	16.7	,490	4.1	3.4	
- Race/ethnic group:			;		4	• , •
Non-Hispanic	156,844	94.6	20,483	96.4	13.1	
` White	135,645	81.8	18,674 ⁻	87.9	13.8	
Black	17,387 :	` 10.5	. 1,299	6.1	7.8	
Other	3,812	2.3	510	2.4	13.4	
Hispanic	8,986	5.4	769	3.6	8.6	•

Table 1. Characteristics of the population 17 years old and over and of participants in adult education,

May 1981 (Continued)

	Total pop	ulation	Participa adult adu		Participation
Charactaristic	Number (in thousands)	Percent distribution	Number (in thousands)	Percent distribution	rate
School years completed:	•				
Elementary: 0-8 years	° 23,292	14.0	517	2.4	2.2
High school: 1-3 years	27,751	16.7	1,542	7.3	5.6
4 yaars	63,208	38.1	6,998	32.9	11.1
Collega: 1-3 yaars	27,052	16.3	5,307	25.0	19.6
4 years	14,714	9.0	۶ 3,839	18.1	26.1
5 yaars and ovar	9,812	5.9	3,050	14.4	31.1
Vatarans (men)	28,344	36.2	3,674	39.3	13.0
Annual family income:	•				,
Under \$7,500	27,326	16.5	1,726	8.1	6.3
\$7,500-9,999	10,903	6.6	888	4.2	8.1
\$10,000-14,999	25,440	15.3	2,791	13.1	11.0
\$15,000·19,999	21,173	12.8	2,784	13.1	13.1
* \$20,000-24,999	22,257	13.4	3,366	15.8	15.1
\$25,000-49,999,	39,933	24.1	7,307	34.4	18.3
\$50,000 and ovar	8,673	5.2	1,634	7.7	18.8
Not reported	10,124	6.1	755	3.5	7.5
Gaographic araa:					5
Matropolitan	113,464	68.4	15,387	72.4	13.6
Non-metropolitan	52,365	31.6	5,865	27.6	11.2
Northeast	36,370	21.9	3,747	17.6	10.3
North Cantral	42,507	25.6	5,741	27.0	13.5
South		33.1 -	6,133	28.9	11.2
Wast	32,025	19.4	5,630	26.5	17.6

NOTE: Details may not add to totals because of rounding.



population as a whole and among the participants in adult education. The following tabulation compares the percentage of total population and of adult education participants (excluding part-time college students) who completed at least 1 year of college:

Sex	Totel population	Perticipents in edult education
	_	(percent)
Total	29	44
Men	33	51
Women	26	39

Annual Family Income

Participants in adult education, on the average, had higher incomes than the general population. Approximately 58 percent of the adult education participants had average annual family incomes of \$20,000 or more compared with 43 percent of the general population. Participation rates tend to be greater at each succeeding higher level of family income, ranging from 6 percent in the lowest income level to 19 percent in the upper income level. Women had higher participation rates than men at each annual family income level. The following tabulation compares the participation rates of men and women at each income level:

	Annuel ramily income	Totel	Men	Women	
•			(percent)		
	Less then \$7,500	6.3	5.2	7.0	
	\$ 7,500- 9,999	8.2	6.6	9.3	
	\$10,000·14,999	11.0	8.6	13.0	
	\$15,000·19,99 9 ·	13.1	11.7	14.6	
r.	\$20,000-24,999	15.1	i4.5	15.8	
	\$25,000-49,999	18.3	17.1	19.5	
	\$50,000 and over	18,8	17,7	20.1	

Geographic Area

The majority of participants in adult education were located in metropolitan areas — over 72 percent, compared with 68 percent of the total population, for a participation rate of 13.6 percent. However, some striking differences occur among regions. For example, the Western States, representing 19 percent of the U.S. population, had 27 percent of the adult education participants, or a participation rate of nearly 18 percent. The North Central States had a participation rate of 13.5 percent; in contrast, the Northeast and the South had less-than-average rates of 10.3 and 11.2 percent, respectively.



Labor Force Status

Participants in adult education were more likely than nonparticipants to be in the labor force, either employed (with a job) or unemployed (looking for work). In May 1981, 83 percent of the participants were in the labor force compared with 62 percent of the nonparticipants. Among participants, men were more likely than women to be in the labor force, 94 percent and 74 percent, respectively. Table 2 compares the labor force status of the total population, participants in adult education, and nonparticipants.

Of the 100 million employed adults 17 years of age and older in May 1981, nearly 17 million had participated in one or more adult education activities during the preceding 12 months. Employed men represented 90 percent of the total male participants and employed women, 70 percent of female participants.

Table 2. Labor force status of the population 17 years old and over and of participants in adult education,
May 1981

•	Donulatio	n 17		Nonparticipants						
Labor force status	Population 17 years old and over		Total		Men		Wome	n	in adult education	
	Number (in thousands)	Percent	Number (in thousands)	Percent	Number (in thou sa nds)	Percent	Number (in thousands)	Percent	Number (in thousands)	Percent
	165,830	100.0	21,252	100.0	9,358	100.0	11,893	100.0	144,578	100.0
Labor force	107,394	64.8	17,640	83.0	8,803	94.1	8,837	74.3	89,754	62.1
Employed	99,862	60.2	16,798	79.0	8,434	90.1	8,364	70.3	83,064	57.4
Unemployed	7,531	4.5	842	4.0	368	3.9	473	4.0	6,690	4.7
Not in labor force .	58,436	35.2	3,612	17.0	556	5.9	3,056	25.7	54,824	37.9
Keeping house	31,923	19.3	2,397	11.3	17	.2	2,380	20.0	29,526	20.4
Going to school .	6,633	4.0	517	2.4	199	2.1	317	2.7	6,116	4.2
Other (unable to work, retired,	19,880	12.0	698	3.3	340	3.6	359	3.0	19,182	13.3

NDTE: Details may not add to totals because of rounding.

Occupation of Employed Participants

Of the 17 million employed persons who took adult education courses, 70 percent were in white collar jobs compared with 53 percent of the total population in these jobs (see table 3). In contract, blue collar workers who took adult education courses made up 30 percent of the total number of employed participants, whereas they comprised 47 percent of the employed population.

Of the employed women participants in adult education, over 79 percent were in white collar jobs, compared with 62 percent of the men in the same type of work. Among the white collar jobs held by women participants, nearly 32 percent were clerical jobs, 11 percent each were in teaching and health fields, and 10 percent were in "other" professional fields. Employed men, on the other hand, were primarily in "other" professional fields, with 21 percent of the total, and in managerial and administrative jobs with 17 percent. The rest of the participants were in blue collar jobs, with 18 percent of the men in crafts work and 13 percent of the women in service work.



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Among persons in white collar occupations, professional, technical, and kindred workers accounted for the large percent difference between the participants and the total population. Professional and technical workers, such as teachers, physicians, and other health workers, are in professions that require frequent refresher or upgrading courses, and about a third of all workers in these fields took an adult education course in 1981. Among individual occupations, 43 percent of the employed health workers, 39 percent of the employed physicians and dentists, and 37 percent of employed teachers (except college teachers) took at least one course.

y Table 3. Occupational distribution of employed population 17 years old and over and of participants in adult education, May 1981

Occupation Employed White collar	Population 1	7 years			Participar	ts in adult educa	ation		
Occupation	old and o	ver		Total				Women	
	Number (in thousands)	Percent	Number (in thousands)	Percent	Percent of population	Number (in thousands)	Percent	Nurnber (in thousands)	Percen
Employed	99,862	100.0	16,798	100.0	16.8	8,434	190.0	8,364	100.0
White collar	52,492	52.6	11,822	70.4	22.5	5,187	61.5	6,635	79.3
Professional/technical	16,147	16.2	5,352	31.9	33.1	2,560	30.4	2,792	33.4
Teachers, except college	3,396	3.4	1,264	7.5	37.2	313	3.7	951	11.4
College teachers	595	.6	164	1.0	27.6	91	1.1	73	.9
Physicians, dentists	763	.8	301	1.8	39.4	262	3.1	39	.5
Health workers	2,276	2.3	979	5.8	43.0	88	1.0	891	10.7
Other . ,	9,117	9.1	2,544	15.8	29.0	1,805	21.4	839	10.0
Managers and administrators	11,371	11.3	2,145	12.8	18.9	1,440	17.1	705	8.4
Sales workers	6,401	64	1,132	6.7	17.7	651	7.7	· 481	5.8
Clerical workers	18,573	18.6	3,193	19.0	17.2	536	6.4	2,657	31.8
Blue collar	47,370	47.4	4,977	29.6	10.5	3,247	38.5	1,728	20.7
Craft and kindred	12,998	12.9	1,732	10.3	13.4	1,549	18.4	183	2.2
Operatives	10,654	10.7	770	4.8	7.2	466	5.5	303	3.6
Transportation	3,444	3.4	244	1.5	7.1	197	2.3	47	3.0 6.
Nonfarm laborers	4,662	4.7	342	2.0	7.3	270	3.2	71	.8
Service workers	12,965	13.0	1,703	10.1	13.1	630	7.5	1,073	12.8
Farm workers	2,737	2.7	186	1,1	6.8	135	1.6	7,073 51	.6

NOTE: Details may not odd to totals because of rounding.

Courses Taken by Participants in Adult Education

The more than 21 million participants in adult education took over 37 million courses during the year ending May 1981 — an average of 1.8 courses per participant. The types of courses taken by adults ranged from hobby and recreational courses to learning new techniques in the medical field. This section describes the types of courses taken by men and women, reasons for taking courses, providers of instruction, and the major sources of funding.

Types of Courses

Nearly half of the courses taken by adults were in the fields of business (23 percent), health (14 percent, including health care and health education), and engineering (10 percent) (see table 4). Over 54 percent of the courses taken by men and 41 percent of those taken by women were in these fields. Courses in business were the most popular for both men and women. In contrast, the majority (81 percent) of the engineering courses were taken by men and the majority of the health courses were taken by women.

Among the rest of the courses, the number taken by women exceeded those taken by men in almost every field except agriculture, social sciences, and "other" courses. As would be expected, very few courses in home economics were taken by men, but three times as many courses in physical education were taken by women than by men.

Reasons for Taking Courses.

Job-related reasons were most often cited as the purpose for taking an adult education course. Of the 37 million courses, 60 percent were taken to advance in a job or to get a job. Men and women each took about 11 million job-related courses, but this figure represents a higher proportion for men than for women, 69 percent compared with 54 percent (see table 5). Most men listed advancement in a job as their main reason for taking the course. During their major working years between 25 and 64 years of age, men maintained a high proportion of job-related courses (71 to 75 percent), compared with non-job-related courses. In contrast, the proportion of courses taken by women for job-related reasons ranged from 43 percent to 59 percent in the same age groups.

Only 31 percent of the courses taken by men were for non-job-related reasons, compared with 46 percent of the courses taken by women. Most of these non-job-related courses were taken for personal or social reasons; 19 percent of the courses taken by men and 34 percent of those taken by women were for personal and social reasons.

Most courses were not taken for school credit or other scholastic recognition. Only about 24 percent of the courses taken were for credit leading to an elementary or high school diploma, vocational certificate, or a college degree. Similarly, only 15 percent of the courses were taken to obtain or renew a license in a profession or trade.



Table 4. Type of courses taken by participants in adult education, May 1981

• Type of course	Total course		Courses t by me		Courses to		Courses taker by women
· .	Number (in thousands)	, Percent	Number (in thousands)	Percent	Number (in thousands)	Percent	as percent of total
Total courses	37,381	100.0	16,182	100.0	21,199	100.0	56.7
Agriculture	449	1.2	326	2.0	123	.6	27.4
Arts	2,373	6.3	576	3.6	1,797	8.5	75.7
Business	8,564	22.9	4,171	25.8	4,393	20.7	51.3
Education	2,926	7.8	897	5.4	2,028	9.6	69.3
Engineering	3,654	9.8	2,970	18.4	683	3.2	18.7
Health care	3,993	10.7	1,236	7.6	2,757	13.0	69.0
Healtineducation	1,150	3.1	361	2.2	789	3.7	68.6
Home economics	1,245	3.3	84	.:5	1,162 🕏	5.5	99.3
Personal services	713	1.9	296	1.8	417	2.0	58.5
Language and literature	2,184	5.8	813	5.0	1,371	6.5	62.8
Life sciences	1,205	3.2	594	3.7	. 611	2.9	50.7
Philosophy-religion	2,606	7.0	1,033	6.4	1,573	7.4	60.4
Physical education	2,377	6.4	621	3.8	1,756	8.3	73.9
Social sciences	1,929	5.2	1,072	6.6	856	4.0	73. 3 44.4
nterdisciplinary studies	337	.9	132	.8	205	1.0	60.8
Other	1,678	4.5	998	6.2	680	3.2	40.5

NOTE: Details may not add to totals because of rounding.



Table 5. Main reason for taking courses, school credit objectives, and trade or professional objectives,
May 1981

	Total c	ourses	Courses by n		Courses by we	I	Courses taken by women as
ltem	Number (in thou- sands)	Percent	Number (in thou- sands)	Percent	Number (in thou- sends)	Percent	percent of total
Total	37,381	100.0	16,182	100.0	21,199	100.0	58.7
Main reason for taking course:							
Job-related	22,534	60.3	11,202	69.2	11,332	53.5	50.3
To get new job	4,398	11.8	1,699	10.5	2,899 ¸	12.7	81.4
In current occupation	741	2.0	268	1.7	473	2.2	· 83.8
In new occupation	3,857	° 9.8	1,431	8.8	2,228	10.5	80.9
To advance in job	18,859	44.6	8,748	54.1	7,911	37.3	47.5
Other job-related	1,477	4.0	7 5 4	4.7	723	3.4	49.0
Non-job-related	14,738	39.4	4,950	30.6	9,788	46.2	86.4
American citizenship	80	.2	21	.1	39	.2	85.0
General education	3,603	9.6	1,511	9.3	2,092	9.9	58.1
Volunteer work	490	1.3	245	1.5	245	1.2	50.0
Personal or social	10,187、	27.3	3,011	18.6	7,176	33.9	70.4
Other non-job-related	398	1.1	161	1.0	237	1.1	59.5
Not reported	108	.3	30	.2	78	.4	72.2
School credit Objectives:	•						
Elementary or high school diploma	1,017	2.7	342	2.1	875	3.2	88.4
Vocational certificate	1,190	3.2	553	3.4	837	3.0	53.5
2-year college degree	2,204	5.9	770	4.8	1,434	8.8	85.1
4-year college degree	2,531	. 6.8	1,202	7.4	1,329	6.3	52.5
Postgraduate/professional degree	1,974	5.3	927	5.7	\$ 1,047	4.9	53.0
None or not applicable	28,485	78.1	12,385	. 78.5	16,080	75.9	58.5
Trade or professional objectives:				•			
To obtain license	2,584	6.9	1,297	8.0	1,287	8.1	49.8
To renew license	2,835	7.6	1,225	7.6	1,610	7.6	56.8
Neither	31,981	85.5	13,680	84.4	18,301	88.3	57.3

NDTE: Datails may not add to totals because of rounding.



Providers of Instruction

Nearly 54 percent of the adult education courses were taken in a school setting; the rest were provided by business or industry, community agencies, government agencies, and other nonschool settings. Over 58 percent of the courses taken in school and 62 percent of those taken in nonschools were for job-related reasons. Nearly a fourth of the courses were provided by the employer of the respondent. The following tabulation shows the percent of courses that were job-related, by provider:

	Provider of instruction	Number (in thousands)	Percent	Percent job-related	,	
	Total	37,381	100.0	60.3		
	School setting	20,154	53.9	58.5)	
	Elementary/high school	2,551	6.8	23.2		
	2-year college	7,030	18.8	53.2		
	4-year college	7,160	19.2	67.3		
	Vocational/trade school	3,413	9.1	77.0	•	
	Non-school setting	17,227	46.1	62.4		
•	Tutor	1,637	4.4	32.9		
	Business/industry	5,119	13.7	89.9		
	Labor/professional assn	1,858	5.0	95.0		
-	Government agency	2,934	7.8	67.8		
	Community agency	3,172	8.5	16.2		
	Other	2,507	6.7	53.5		
	Employer was provider	9,260	24.8			

Major Sources of Funding

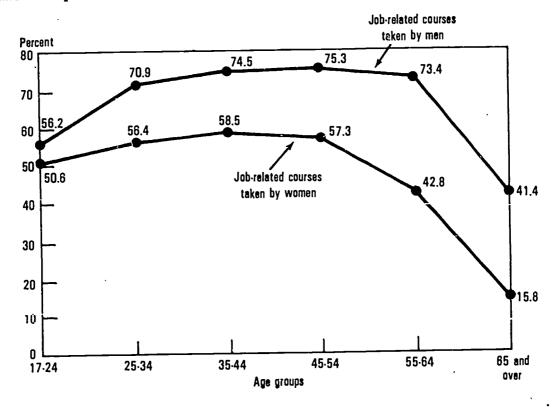
Nearly haif of the adult education courses were paid for solely by the participant or family — 39 percent by men and 54 percent by women. The remaining courses were paid for through other sources, such as public funds or business/industry. Employers were a source of funding, in full or in part, for 41 percent of the courses taken by men and 26 percent of those taken by women. The following tabulation shows the number and percent of courses paid for by the major sources of funding:



* ·	Total cou	r3 03	Cour se s to by mer		Courses to	
Major source of funding	Number (in thousends)	Percent	Number (in thousands)	Percent	Number (in thousands)	Percent
Total courses	37,381	100.0	16,182	100.0	21,199	100.0
Paid for by self or family	17,760	47.5	6,313	39.0	11,447	54.0
Public funding	6,402	17.1	3,100	19.2	3,302	15.6
Business/industry	8,090	21.6	4,710	29.1	3,380	15.9
Other sources	5,129	13.8	2,059	12.7	3,070	14.5
Employer was sourco	12,287	32.9	6,697	41.4	5,590	26.4

The average amount of money paid per course by the participant or family was \$120. Men reported paying an average of \$165, women \$95. The total amount of money spent by participants or their families for adult education courses represented a national expenditure of \$2.2 billion for the year ending May 1981.

Figure 2. Proportion of courses taken by men and women for job-related reasons, by age group.





Appendix A

Tables



Table A. Student status of adults, by population characteristic: United States, year ending May 1981.

	TOTAL	—	ADULT	LUCATION	PARTIC	PANTS	NOT	<u> </u>	OT AOUL	LL-YIHL	STUDENT	GIPANTS	NOT
OPULATION CHARACYERISTIC	POPULATION, 17 YEARS OLD 8 OYER	TOTAL	TOTAL	TARY 8	فلدووو	VOCA-	FULL- TIME STU- DENTS	TOTAL	TOTAL	TARY 8 HISH SCHOOL C		VOLA- TIONAL	FULL- TIME STU- DENTS
GE, SOTH SEXES				4					,		1		
7 YEARS OLD 8 OVER	165,830 33,073 37,718 26,113 22,455 21,732 24,753	21,252 3,941 7,509 4,512 2,821 1,702 768	1,228 700 312 142 44 25	373 339 17 9 3	651 299 223 91 30 6	- 204 63 72 42 11 14	7,197 4,369 2,778 1,677	144,578 29,132 30,205 21,601 19,634 20,020 23,985	10,045 8,919 858 167 62 30	4,431 4,599 16 5	4,853 3,478 710 115 37 10	342 132 44 21 17	134,531 20,211 29,347 21,434 19,572 10,990 23,977
NACE/ETHNIC GROUP	•			•									
IONNISPANIC. WHITE. BLACK. OTHER.	156,844 135,645 17,367 3,812 8,986	20,483 18,674 31,299 510 769	1,189 1,052 100 36 39	355 321 23 11 18	569 33 18 11	194 163 24 7 10	19,294 17,621 1,198 474 730	136,361 116,971 16,089 3,302 8,216	9,493 7,600 1,477 417 331	4,344 3,418 786 140 287	4,635 3,815 363 257 218	J66 128	126,86 109,37 14,61 2,88 7,66
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED													
LEMENTARY! O TO 8 YEARS	63,208 27,052 14,714	517 1,542 6,998 5,307 3,839 3,050	25 354 245 375 84 145	323 21 9 4	120 335 69 117	25 104 31 11 25	492 1,187 6,753 4,931 3,755 2,905	22,775 26,209 56,211 21,745 10,876 6,762	132 4,634 1,672 3,094 232 280	4,599	1,337 3,023 220 273	90 J33 71 13	22,6 21,5 54,5 18,6 10,6
RETERANS (MEN)	28,344,	3,674	124	7	70	47	3,551	24,669	244	•	198	42	24,4
HHUAL FAMILY INCOME 1/	•												
MMDER 87,500 77,500 TO 814,999 110,000 TO 814,999 115,000 TO 819,999 120,000 TO 824,999 125,000 TO 824,999 125,000 TO 849,998 10T REPORTED	25,440 21,173 22,257 39,933	1,726 888 2,791 2,785 3,366 7,307 1,635 799	195 64 154 169 161 342 103 40	23 9 95 97 54 135 91	110 47 92 87 67 167 23	53 8 17 34 40 41 6	1,531 824 2,637 2,615 3,206 6,965 1,531 715	25,600 10,015 22,649 18,389 18,891 32,626 7,039 9,369	1,231 208 1,221 298 1,289 3,044 291 462	610 235 626 492 652 1,440 364 211	756 220 506 440 596 1,484 614 236	105 53 89 05 42 120 12 15	24,0 9,5 21,4 17,3 17,6 29,5 6,0
ABOR FORCE STATUS 2/			•••	•••	484	157	16,788	89,754	4,983	2,271	2,429	. 203	84.7
N LAGOR FORCE EMPLOYED. UNEMPLOYED NOT IN LABOR FORCE KEEPING HOUSE. GOING TO SCHOOL. OTHER.>.	7,931 98,436 31,923 6,633	17,640 16,798 642 3,612 2,397 517 698	852 776 76 377 47 303 26	26 162 13 149	448 36 167 25 123	143 14 47 10 30	16,022 766 3,236 2,349 214 672	83,064 6,690 54,824 29,526 6,116 19,162	4,282 701 5,062 86 4,779	1,946 325 2,359 23 2,302 34	2,097 331 2,424 41 2,251 133	238 44 278 23 226 29	78,7 5,9 49,7 29,4 1,2
OCCUPATION OF EMPLOYED PERSONS									,				
PROFESSIONAL, TECHNYTIAL, & RINDRED WORKERS., TEACHERS, EXCEPT COLLEGE	. 3/370	5,352 1,264 164	193 40	2	156 35	33 4	5,159 1,223 158	10,796 2,132 430	395 44 42	30 •	352 37 42		10,
PHYSICIANS, DENTISTS, 4 RELATED PRACTITIONERS		301	•		3	3	295		•	•	7		
PRACTITIONERS		979 2,644	43 98		32 79	10 16	937 2,546	1,297	, 244 ,	21	48 217	•	1, 6,
AMMERS & ADMITTATIONS. EXCEPT FARM. LLERICAL BORKERS. RAST & KIMORED SCAKERS. PERATIVES, EXCEPT TRAMSPORT TRAMSPORT EQUIPMENT OPERATIVES. COMPARN LASORERS. LERVICE SORKERS, INCLUDING PRIVATE	18,573 12,908 10,654 3,444	3,193 1,732 770 244 342		24 45 16	30 31 104 24 17 3		1,062 3,026 1,681 731 231 302	5,269 15,380 11,176 9,885 3,200 9,320		24 310	64 249 490 72 90 36 191	21 58 26 31 7	14, 11, 9, 3,
HOUSEHOLD	. 12,965 . 2,737		150		1	32 4		2,551	1,318		529 23		
TYPE OF AREA & REGION											,		
METROPOLITAN		15,387		276	502 143		14,473	98,078	7,325 2,71		3,751 1,102	157	43,
HORTHEAST	. 36,370 42,507 54,926	5,741 6,133	351 352	108	102 197 186	3 6 3 9	5,391 5,782	32,623 36,765 48,795 26,395	2,511 3,010	1,175	1,324	152	30, 34, 345, 24,

^{1/} NUMBERS HAY INCLUDE NUMPAMILY MEMBERS. 2/ FOR THE WEEK ENDING MAY 16, 1981.



HOTEL DETAILS MAY NOT AND TO TOTALS SECAUSE OF HOUNDING.

Table B. Age and sex of participants in adult education, by population characteristic: United States, year ending May 1981

INUMBERS IN THOUSANDS.)	TOTAL	$\overline{}$			HEN										
POPULATION CHARACTERISTIC	MEN 4	TOTAL	17 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 36 YEARS	JS TO	45 TO 54	55 TO 64 YEARS	YEARS OVER	TOTAL	17 10 24 YEARS	34	35 TO YEARS	45 TO 54 YEARS	55 TO 64 YEARS	YEAR
TOTAL	21,252	9,558	1,640	3,385	2,075	1,240	739	278	1	2,300			1,581	465	49
ACE/ETHNIC GROUP													.,,,,,		•
	20,483 18,674 1,299 ' 510 769	7,026 8,279 505 242 J33	1,563 1,412 104 46 78	3,248 2,935 214 98 137	2,017 1,870 98 47 58	1,172 1,104 64 25	732 697 16 20 7	274 261 10 3	11,457 10,395 793 269 437	2,186 1,957 179 50	3,559 296 106	2,348 2,140 152 56	1,537 1,401 94 42	744 877 57 11	4 6
FEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED														••	
ELEMENTARYI O TO 8 YEARS	517	249	35	40	44	51	- 38	•1	26.8	34	51	. 45	27	58	3
OLLEGE: 1 TO 3 YEARS	1,542 6,998 5,307 3,839 3,050	\$30 2,652 2,237 1:830 1,760	298 707 388 183 29	114 823 957 ** 831 619	76 541 419 409 584	352 267 223 278	35 185— 157 137 188.	77	912 4,346 3,070 2,008 1,290	403 979 402 242 39	173 1,274 1,160 926 540	97 885 629 412 369	105 649 350 239 210	75 403 213 125	15
ETERANS (MEN)	3,474	3,474	125	898	1,064	¥77	594	117	(X)	(X)	(x)	(ž)	(X)	(x)	(X
MMUAL FAMILY INCOME 1/												`	`		
WHOER 87,500 57,500 TO \$9,899 510,000 TO \$14,999 115,000 TO \$14,999 220,000 TO \$24,999 225,000 TO \$24,999 325,000 TO \$48,999 550,000 & 0VER	1,726 488 2,791 2,784 3,366 7,307 1,634 755	535 319 1,012 1,215 1,636 3,517 809 315	208 115 4 281 235 210 432 110 51	177 107 446 592 701 1,176 120	61 32 158 208 401 890 244 80	33 50 95 177 602 194 67	22 13 39 51 99 356 119 39	33 28 38 34 49 60 22 13	1,191 569 1,779 1,569 1,730 3,790 825 440	351 164 444 345 268 533 109 86	347 187 736 630 650 1,295 186 92	152 88 226 239 402 1,004 229	173 37 117 172 231 644 202	87 46 156 124 135 261 70	19
ABOR FORCE STATUS 2/							*							•	
UNEMPLOYED OT IN LABOR FORCE	17,640 16,798 842 3,612 2,397 517 698	8,003 8,434 368 356 17 199 340	1,476 1,323 153 164 3 135 27	3,301 3,166 135 85 45 35	2,047 1,997 50 28 2 11	1,219 1,199 19 22 2	641 631 10 7 7	120 118 1 158 	8,837 8,364 473 3,056 2,380 317 359	1,833 1,667 167 467 247 173 47	3,213 3,046 167 910 770 82 58	1,889 1,831 56 548 445 41	1,211 1,157 54 370 322 14 34	594 570 24 369 307 3	393 204 100
CCUPATION OF EMPLOYED PERSONS							,								
TEACHERS, EXCEPT COLLEGE COLLEGE TEACHERS PHYSICIANS, DENTISIS, 4	5,352 1,264 164	2,560 313 91	183 12 1	1,001 137 25	727 98 25	398 48 22	207 13 12	43 5	2,792 951 73	338 74 4	1, 155 374 29	682 271 15	414 155 17	168 57	39 18
RELATED PRACTITIONERS. MEALTH WORKERS, EXCEPT PRACTITIONERS. OTHER	301 979	442 545	-	57 47	11	52	53	50	39	5	14	•	•	•	•
INABERS & AOMINISTRATORS.	2,444	1,805	160	735		· 259	128	12	939	122	359 379	215 171	128 107	54 42	12
LERICAL MORERS RAFT & KIMORED MORERS RAFT & KIMORED MORERS RAMSPORT EQUIPMENT OPERATIVES OMFARN LABORES REVIEW MORERS, INCLUDING PRIVATE	7,145 1,132 3,193 1,732 770 244 342	1,440 651 536 1,549 466 197 270	84 97 112 323 146 55 128	479 240 204 622 196 77	439 132 76 315 76 31 32	260 109 96 189 31 21	162 62 30 90 17 10	17 13 17 9 2	705 481 2,657 183 303 47 71	72 102 658 45 82 6	251 166 916 66 97 15	163 105 572 51 65 12	147 79 321 11 24 5	63 25 165 9 35 8	25
	1,703	430	158	215	152	75	25	4	1,073	331	341	167	139	78	17
	186	135	37	43	17	16	17	5	51	3	15	10	10	10	1
PE OF AREA & REGION TROPOLITAN	5,387	6,708													
HMETROPOLITÀN.	5,865	2,451	424	2,43 <u>1</u> 954	1,501 574	855 385	223	171 87	8,679 3,214	1,711 590	3,085 1,058	1,728 709	1,121	698 264	356 134
RTH CÉNTRÁL.	741	1,651 2,498 2,686 2,523	299 463 471 408	605 926 962 892	383 527 614 551	213 322 363 343	100 189 217 234	52 72 58 95	2,095 3,243 3,447 3,108	680	735 1,140 1,189 1,059	402 620 731 684	314 406 462 399	158 274 269 262	78 149 117 146

NOTE: OFTAILS MAY NOT ADD TO TOTALS SECAUSE OF MOUNDING.



Table C. Race/ethnic group and sex of participants in adult education, by population characteristic:

United States, year ending May 1981

NUMBERS IN THOUSANDS.1				• •			`				
OPULATION CHARACTERISTIC	TOTAL MEN & TOMEN	TOTAL	HITE	MEM HISPANIC OLACK	OTHER	HISPANIC	TOTAL .	NON THE TE	IOMEN ISPANIC BLACK	OTHER HIS	SPAN1C
SE, BOTH SEXES .							•	•. •	•		
7 YEARS OLD & OYER	21,252 3,941 7,505 4,512 2,821 1,702 768	9,358 1,640 3,385 2,075 1,240 739 278	8,279 1,412 2,935 1,870 1,104 697 261	505 104 214 98 64 16	242 46 78 49 25 20	333 78 137 •52* 40 7	11,893 ,2,300 ,4,123 2,437 1,581 962 490	10,395 1,957 3,559 2,140 1,401 877 462	743 179 - 296 152 44 57 15	25Y 200 106 26 42 11	437 114 163 89 44 18
EARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED						_					
LEMENTARY: 0 TO 8 YEARS	517 1,542 6,448 5,307 3,839 3,050	249 - 630 - 2,652 2,237 1,830 1,760	141 526 2,337 1,987 1,693 1,599	30 91 171 130 41	28 17 42 38 48	50 36 102 - 81 28 36	268 912 4,346 3,070 2,008 1,290	131 708 3,848 - 2,714 - 1,835 1,159	35 134 273 182 96 74	40 16 26 77 44 36	62 59 169 97 33 21
G (ETERAMS (MEM)	3,674	3,474	3,330	200	56	**	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)	(X)
INNUAL FAMILY INCOME 1/	•	ζ.			•						
MODER 87,500	1,726 888 2,791 2,789 3,366 7,307 1,639 755	535 319 1,012 1,215 1,636 3,517 809 315	390 265 841 1,051 1,466 3,244 757 265	68 13 91 92 81 125 17	11 27 19 43 68 25	29 53 54 46 80 10	1,191 568 1,779 1,569 1,730 3,790 825 440	361 466 1,478 1,375 1,584 3,479 763 389	210 25 166 98 80 144 14 27	40 22 20 28 17 73 32	81 27 85 68 50 95 16
LABOR FORCE STATUS 2/										-	
IN LASOR FORCE EMPLOYED WHE MPLOYED WOT IN LASOR FORCE KEEPING MOUSE	17,640 16,798 842 3,612 2,397 517 698	8,803 8,434 368 256 17 199 340	7,821 7,536 284 458 15 139 305	474 412 62 31 -	195 186 9 46 2 36	J12 299 12 21 - 11	u,837 8,364 473 3,056 2,380 317 359	7,729 7,385 343 2,666 2,114 237 315	636 539 98 157 103 27 26	100 100 11 100 64 30	306 203 21 130 49 23
OCCUPATION OF EMPLOYED PERSONS											
PROFESSIONAL, TÉCHNICAL, &	3,352 1,264 164 301	2,560 313 91 262	2,332 289 76 237	10 6	77 6 7	•2 • •	2,792 951 73 -39	2,493p 627 67 31	105 84 4 2	3. 20	50 26 2
PRACTITIONERS	2,694	1,605	1,452	•0	43	· .	639	751	93	28	7
EXCEPT FARM. SALES BORKERS. CLERICAL BORKERS. CRAFT & KIMORED BORKERS. / OPERATIVES. EXCEPT TRANSPORT TRANSPORT EQUIPMENT OPERATIVES.	2,145 1,132 3,193 1,732 770 244 342	1,440 651 536 1,549 466 197 270	1,331 610 442 1,385 374 173 235	42 22 38 67 47 14	. 27 4 17 23 11 2 6	40 15 39 54 34 8	705 481 2,657 163 303 47 71	454 2,346 170 242 40 63	30 173 6 16 - 3	15 15 19 19	101
MONE ARE LEGGRERS INCLUDING PRIVATE SERVICE BORKERS INCLUDING PRIVATE FARMERS, MANAGERS, LABORERS, & SUPERVISORS)	1,703	630 135	371 125	2	15		1,073 51	, #65 45	113	15	,
TYPE OF AREA & RESION	•						=.			· *	•
METROPOLITAN	15,387	6,706 2,651	5,800 2,479	412 94	211 30		8,679 3,214	7,451 2,944	144	211	367 61
HORTHEAST	3,747 5,741 6,133 5,630	1,651 2,498 2,666 2,523	1,493 2,350 2,289 2,147	78 76 257 92	26 36 41 136	33	2,095 3,243 3,447 3,108	1,546 3,045 2,668 2,634	150 117 423 103	25 36 38 170	7: 4: 11: 20:

^{1/} NUMBERS MAY WICLUOE NONFAMILY HEMBERS

NOTEL DETAILS MAY NOT ADD TO TOTALS SECAUSE OF MOUNDING.



Table D. Labor force status and sex of participants in adult education, by population characteristic:
United States, week ending May 16, 1981.

[MUMBERS IN THOUSANDS.]			•			•	<u>,</u>						
POPULATION CHARACTERISTIC	TOTAL MEN &	TOTAL	IN LABOR	FORCE T	NOT IN	LABOR FO	ORCE	TOTAL	IN LAUGE	FORCE	EN NOT IN	LASUR F	ORCE
	HOHEN	<u>. </u>	EMPLOYED E	UN- IK	EEPING	SCHOOL	OTHER		EMPLOYEO	. UN-	KEEPING HOUSE	SCHUOL	OTHER
AGE, BOTH SEXES					`•	,	•			•			
17 YEARS OLO & OVEM	21,252. 3,941 7,509 4,512 24821 1,702 768	9,358 1,040 3,365 2,075 1,240 739 278	8,434 1,323 3,136 1,007 1,100 631 _ 110	366 153 135 50 19 10	17 3 5 2	199 135 45 11 2	-340 27 35 18 20 87 15#	11,893 2,300 4,123 2,437 1,581 962 490	8,364 -1,667 3,046 1,831 1,157 570	473 167 167 58 54 24	2,380 247 770 445 322 307 288	317 173 82 41 14	359 47 58 61 34 58
RACE/ETHNIC GROUP		*				`	*						
NONMISPANIC. PHITE. BLACK. OTHER. HISPANIC	20,483 18,674 1,299 310 769	9,026 8,279 505 242 333	8,135 7,536 412 186 299	356 (284 62 62 12	16 15 - 2	188 139 14 , 36	330 305 17	11,457 10,395 793 269 437	6,079 7,345 539 155 -285	452 343 78 11 21	2,281 2,114 103 44	294 • 237 27 30 23	-350 315 28 0
YEARS OF SCHOOL COMPLETED									•				
ELEMENTARY: 0 TO 8 YEARS	517 *1,542 6,998 5,307 3,839 3,050	249 630 2,652 2,237 1,630 1,760	195 463 2,389 2,032 1,712 1,689	20 53 128 102 47 20	2 5	24 71. 42 36 9	51 93 95 95 57 39	268 912 4,346 3,070 2,008 1,290	79 431 2,984 2,225 1,551 1,094	17 80 183 120 51 21	140 261 972 539 342 127	16 103 #3 #6 23	15 38 123 100 42 41
VETERANS (HEN)	3,674	3,674	3,377	114	4	10	162	(x)	. (X)	, (X)	(x)	(X)	(X)
ANNUAL FAMILY INCOME 1/									1		1		,
UNDER 87,400 87,500 TO 89,999 (810,000 TO 819,999 813,000 TO 819,999 820,000 TO 829,999 825,000 TO 829,999 825,000 TO 849,999 825,000 TO 849,999 825,000 TO 849,999	1,726 888 2,791 2,789 3,366 7,307 1,639 793	335 319 1,012 1)215 1,638 3,517 809 315	324 233 872 1,108 1,923 3,334 757 283	102 37 52 51 50 62	2 4 -	47 - 11 27, 14 12 95 25	58 35 37 42 49 63 21	1,191 549 1,779 1,569 1,730 3,790 625 40	621 399 1,274 1,120 1,228 2,876 246 243	135 26 62 73 55 93 10	294 94 326 296 378 688 209	68 18 48 48 26 61 35 22	74 36 52 36 43 71 25
OCCUPATION OF EMPLOYED PERSONS ,								3			٠.	`	
PROFESSIONAL, TECHNICAL, 4 KINOREO BORKERS. TEACHERS, EXCEPT COLLEGE COLLEGE TEACHERS PHYSICIANS, ORNISTS, 4 RELATEO PRACTITIONERS. HEALTH BORKERS, EXCEPT	5,352 1,264 164 301	2,560 313 91 262	2,560 313 91 262	:·	:	:	,	2,792 951 73	4,792 951 73		-	É	/: -
PRACTITIONERS	979 2,644	88 1,805	. 88 1,805	:	:	:	:	891	871 837	:	:	:	:
MANÀBERS à AOMINISTRATORS, SALES WORKERS. CLERICAL BORKERS CRAFT & KIMOREO WORKERS. OPEL STIVES, EXCEPT TRANSPORT TRAISPORT GOUPPHENT OPERATIVES NOMFRAM LABORERS, INCLUDING PRIVATE HOUSEMOLO FRAM BORKERS, FRANKERS, HANAWERS. LABORERS, & SUPERVISORS)	2,149 1,132 3,193 1,732 770 244 342 1,703	1,440 651 536 1,549 466 197 270 630	1,440 651 536 1,549 466 197 270 630	. :			•	705 481 2,657 183 303 47 71 1,073	705 481 2,657 183 303 47 71 1,673				
TYPE OF AREA & REGION			•		•							د	*
METROPOLITAN	15,367	6,708	6,039	256	15	161	237	8,679	6,116	339	1,470	253	, 284
NOMMETROPOLITAN	3,747 3,747 5,741 6,133 5,630	2, 951 2, 498 2, 686 2, 523	2,306 1,482 2,254 2,478 2,220	112 73 128 72 75	7	38 27 38 48 47	103 69 70 81 120	3,214 2,095 3,243 3,447 3,108	2,248 1,446 2,258 2,556 2,103	134 47 - 146 122 119	+60 - +68 - A11 1	75 31 90 73 119¢	75 32 1 1 1

^{1/} NUMBERS MAY INCLUDE NONFAMILY MEMBER .

Table E. Number of courses taken by participants in adult education, by age and sex of participant and by course characteristic: United States, year ending May 1981.

-	_		Ç	JURSES T	TAKEN B	MEN		1 13		Ç	PURSES	TAKEH N	WOMEN		-75
COURSE CHARACTERISTIC	COURSES	TOTALO	17 SU 24 YEARS	25 TO J4 YEARS	JS TO 44 YEARS	45 TO 54 YEARS	55 TO 64 YEARS	YEARS 20VER	TOTAL	17 TO 24 YEARS	25 TO 34 YEARS	35 TO 44 YEARS	54	SD TO 64 YEARS	YEARS OVER
TOTAL CURSES	37,381	16,182	2,717	6,103	3,637	5,063	1,245	420	21,199	4,071	7,525	1,551	2,717	1,618	714
MAIN REASON FOR TAKING COURSZ															
JOB-RELATED REASONS. TO GET A MES JOS IN CURRENT OR FORMER OCCUPATION. IN MES OCCUPATIONAL FIELD. TO IMPROYE OR ADVANCE IN CURRENT JOS OTHER JOS-RELATED REASONS. FOR AMERICAN CITIZENSHIP FOR GEMERAL EDUCATION. TO TRAIN FOR VOLUNTEER BOOK. FOR PERSONAL OR SOCIAL REASONS. OTHER MON-JOS-RELATED REASONS. NOT REPORTED	72,534 4,398 741 3,657 16,659 1,477 14,738 60 3,603 490 10,187 328 108	11,202 1,699 269 1,430 8,749 794 4,949 21 1,219 3,012 162 30	1,524 604 58 546 805 116 1,176 12 629 30 464 41	4,326 678 120 558 3,403 245 1,768 9 594 97 1,025 47	2,710 237 59 176 2,309 164 921 1 151 73 674 21	1,554 117 104 1,289 148 506 81 28 369 28	914 58 19 39 780 76 332 36 16 262	174 6 5 162 6 247 2 19 1 217 7	11, J33 2, 699 473 2, 226 7, 910 723 9, 739 2, 092 2, 092 245 7, 176 237 78	2,040 892 130 761 1,071 2,009 c6 742 20 1,170 72	4,245 947 174 773 3,030 269 3,247 21 766 62 2,323 74 33	2,663 555 107 448 1,935 174 1,879 9 330 63 1,447 31	1,558 209 55 1,88 1,191 1,23 1,196 2 137 59 922 26	593 54 6 48 281 50 916 75 19 794 27	117 9 1 8 102 2 292 42 22 519 7
SCHOOL CREDIT OBJECTIVES	•														
ELEMENTARY OR HIGH SCHOOL DIPLONA YOCATIONAL CERTIFICATE/DIPLONA 2-YEAR CULLEGE DEGREE CREDIT POSTGRADUATE OR PROFESSIONAL DEGREE NONE OF THE ABOVE OR NOT REPORTEO	1,017 1,190 2,204 2,531 1,974 28,465	343 554 770 1,202 928 12,386	221 185 303 366 66 1,573	187 291 645 513 4,398	20 102 84 117 240 3,073	26 98 89 54 79 1,771	24 6 15 20 1,167	8 2 5 2 404	673 636 1,434 1,329 1,046 16,079	384 196 516 355 112 2,508	174 186 519 611 555 5,480	74 132 283 262 234 3,569	26 78 82 79 [31 2,321	12 29 34 16 15 1,511	19 6 690
TRADE OR PROFESSIONAL OBJECTIVES				•	•										_
TO OBTAIN A LICENSE OR CERTIFICATE TO REMEW A LICENSE OR CERTIFICATE	2,504 2,835 31,761	1,297 1,225 13,060	338 38 336	5,223 5,223	3,039 359 3,039	129 220 1,713	201 987	12 49 360	1,208 1,610 18,301	305 96 3,670	514 597 6,414	275 414 3,865	149 329 2,239	134 1,442	41 470
PROVIDER OF INSTRUCTION					٠										
ELEMENTARY OR MIGH SCHOOL. 2-YEAR COLLEGE OR TECHNICAL INSTITUTE. 4-YEAR COLLEGE OR UNIVERSITY VOCATIONAL. TRADE, OR SUSINESS SCHOOL. OTHER SCHOOL. TUTOR OR PRIVATE INSTRUCTOR. 5-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1	2,551 7,030 7,160 3,413 1,134 1,637 5,119 1,858 2,934 3,172 1,374	726 2,634 3,211 1,327 494 502 3,165 1,071 1,476 942 633	184 756 478 318 119 106 381 75 112 141	195 1,007 1,504 483 191 164 1,195 372 483 294 216	163 417 723 284 79 93 853 243 399 220 163	94 271 309 119 76 462 206 258 96	55 123 170 115 37 44 230 151 160 97	35 59 27 8 24 18 43 24 63 95 25	1,825 4,396 3,949 2,085 639 2,135 1,955 787 1,458 2,230 739	1,080 612 494 138 273 307 92 204 322 83	533 1,575 1,744 727 247 303 727 260 526 664 219	399 879 908 440 127 243 452 177 305 476	215 492 454 230 64 151 255 150 214 729	156 259 167 154 52 106 186 88 126 231	57 110 64 41 11 58 28 19 83 207 35
EMPLOYER PROVIDED COURSE FOR EMPLOYEES	9,260	5,040	535	1,947	1,28;	786	431	58	4,221	726	1,510	922	653	350	59
SOURCE OF PAYMENT FOR COURSE				•											
SELF OR FAMILY ONLY SELF OR FAMILY & ADDITIONAL SOURCE(S) PUBLIC FUNDING ONLY PUBLIC FUNDING & ADDITIONAL SOURCE(S) BUSINGSS OR INOUSTRY ONLY	6,402 711 8,090	6,313 662 3,100 327 4,710	1,354 173 487 80 901	2,332 313 1,004 138 1,901	1,244 124 712 72 1,261 74	656 48 484 12 703 21	537 28 245 12 308 3	189 16 92 12 35	11,447 765 3,302 384 3,380 326 1,147	2,189 194 706 66 614 79	4,096 312 1,067 137 1,431 156 305	2,531 159 717 05 661 55 274	1,464 63 448 48 439	876 54 230 32 222 13 126	· 292 · 32 133 16 12 2 127
PRIVATE ORBANIZATION ONLY PRIVATE ORBANIZATION & ADOITIONAL SOURCE(S)		674	10* 13	211	30	12	14		133	18	18	35	24	22	15 85
SOURCE(S). OTHER SOURCES ONLY OTHER SOURCES & SOURCE(S) SPECIFIED ABOVE OID NOT KHORIA NOT REPORTED.	100	527 89 95	91 12 18	199 32	111	56 5 17	16		930 71 192	213 15 40	248 30 31	176 18 17	106 2 19	19	72 72
EMPLOYER BAS A SOURCE OF PAYMENT	12,207	6,697	720	2,624	1,794	1,023	167	**	5,540	*10	2,250	1,200	•••	101	••
AMOUNT PAID SY SELF OR FAMILY TOTAL COLLARS REPORTED (6 000,000)	2,166 120 18,033	165	248 198 1,355	344 140 2,456		111 173 642	185	74	1,103 95 11,584	295 173 2,2 ₁ 4	405 97 4,182	218 86 2,546	117 61 1,454	58 65	10 34 299
COURSE SUBJECT															
AGRICULTURE & REMETIBLE HATURAL RESOURCES. ARTSI VISUAL, & PERFORMINS BUSINESS EDUCATION ENGINESS EMOLINESS HALTH CARE & MEALTH SCIENCESS HEALTH ZOUCATION HOME ECONOMICS PERSONAL SERVICES OCCUPATIONS LANGUAGE, LINGUISTICS, & LITERATURE LIFE SCIENCES & PHYSICAL SCIENCES; HATMERATICAL SCIENCES; HATMERATICAL SCIENCES; HATMERATICAL SCIENCES;	2,373 3,564 2,926 3,654 3,993 1,190 1,245	576 4,171 ,487 2,970 1,236 361 84 296	104 460 171 677 71 44 2 68	188 1,615 286 1,143 558 145 24 101	119 1,052 192 562 334 90 24 67	166 43 6	354 354 45 174 164 164 164	43 64 11 23 39 7 10 10 28	1,797 4,393 -2,020 683 2,757 789 1,162 417 1,371	341 897 312 177 436 130 101 138 314	387 1,65 75 209 955 305 413 139 448	203 121	16 233 602 244 68 464 83 181 232 159	, 156 49 , 113	\$2 5 54
MATHEMATICAL SCIENCES. PHILOSOPHY & RELISION, PRYCHOLOGY. PHYSICAL EDUCATION & LEISURE. SOCIAL SCIENCES & SOCIAL STUDIES. INTEROISCIPLINARY STUDIES. UMABLE TO CLASSIPY.	2,606 2,377 1,929	1,033 621 1,072	100 156 163	371 204 441 6 34	266 146 223 26	144 47 142	87 82 81	25 15	1,573 1,756 356 205	254 324 222 77	447 650 288 49	340 364 170 35	275 169 81 18	134 168 _ 55	3

NOTE: DETAILS MAY NOT ADD TO TOTALS SECAUSE OF HOUNDING.



Table F. Number of courses taken by participants in adult education, by race/ethnic group and sex of participant, and by course characteristic: United States, year ending May 1981.

IMUMBERS IN THOUSANDS. 1 COUNSES TAKEN BY HEN OTHER HISPANIC COURSES TAKEN BY HOMEN
NONHISPANIC
HHITE BLACK OTHER COURSE CHARACTERISTIC TOTAL HOMMISPANIC 14,296 18, 182 892 439 355 21,199 18,563 HAIN REASON FOR TAXING COURSE JOB-RELATED REASONS.

TO SET A MEE JOB.

IN CURRENT OR FORMER OCCUPATION.

IN MEM OCCUPATIONAL FIELD.

TO IMPROVE OR ADVANCE IN CURRENT JOB.

OTHER JOB-RELATED REASONS.

NON-JOB-RELATED REASONS.

FOR AMERICAN CITIZENSHIP.

FOR SEMERAL EDUCATION.

TO TRAIN FOR YOULWITEER BORK.

FOR PERSONAL OR SOCIAL REASONS.

OTHER MON-JOB-RELATED REASONS.

NOT REPORTED. 22,534 4,398 741 3,657 16,859 1,477 14,738 11,202 1,699 269 1,430 8,749 754 10,072 1,443 225 1,218 7,970 659 4,197 246 52 12 39 177 11,333 2,699 473 2,226 7,910 723 9,789 332 88 8 9,862 2,267 413 1,834 292 103 237 41 173 42 248 23 82 381 55 341 220 33 220 6 78 2 129 215 25 369 13 18 192 13 70 103 600 8,639 553 21 1,511 245 3,012 162 30 1,198 237 2,625 134 27 2,092 245 7,176 3,603 166 1,688 221 6,535 192 62 233 12 277 277 490 10,187 398 108 SCHOOL CREDIT OBJECTIVES 343 554 770 1,202 928 12,386 1,017 1,190 2,204 2,531 1,974 28,465 231 461 435 1,015 819 11,134 57 66 60 106 44 560 14 24 36 39 6 305 37 42 69 32 21 495 27 8 22 31 33 318 179 636 1,434 1,329 119 TRACE OR PROFESSIONAL OBJECTIVES TO OBTAIN A LICENSE OR CERTIFICATE TO REMEN A LICENSE OR CERTIFICATE NONE OF THE ABOVE OR NOT REPORTED 1,297 1,225 13,660 73 18 802 34 20 385 1,145 1,459 15,958 100 84 1,264 2,835 PROVIDER OF INSTRUCTION ELEMENTARY OR HIGH SCHOOL.
2-YEAR COLLEGE OR TECHNICAL INSTITUTE.
4-YEAR COLLEGE OR UNIVERSITY
90:ATIONAL, TRACE, OR BUSINESS SCHOOL. 42 81 105 53 21 9 32 28 18 37 1,522 3,785 3,522 1,800 536 1,064 1,788 728 1,182 37 179 164 74 71 20 116 52 111 38 29 726 2,634 3,211 1,327 494 502 3,165 1,071 1,476 942 635 63 157 70 47 28 9 72 16 42 26 25 7,030 7,160 3,413 1,134 1,637 5,119 1,858 2,934 3,172 1,374 YOLATIONAL, TRADE, OR BUSINESS SHOWLD OF MER SCHOOL.

JJOR OR PRIVATE INSTRUCTOR.

JUSINESS OR INGUISTY
LABOR OREANIZATION OR PROFESSIONAL ASSN.

GOVERNMENT AGENCY.

PRIVATE COMMUNITY ORGANIZATION

THER, OID NOT KNOW, OR NOT REPORTED. 13 1,305 841 566 ENGLOYER PROVIDED COURSE FOR EMPLOYEES . . 4,561 9,240 5,040 265 141 4,221 3,615 395 SOURCE OF PAYMENT FOR COURSE SELF OR FAMILY ONLY.
SELF OR FAMILY & ADDITIONAL SOURCE(S).
PUBLIC FUNDING ONLY.
PUBLIC FUNDING & ADDITIONAL SOURCE(S).
SUSINESS OR IMPUSTRY ONLY.
SUSINESS OR IMPUSTRY & ADDITIONAL 11,447 765 3,302 384 3,380 6,313 662 3,100 327 5,608 593 2,537 312 33 283 161 13 134 232 24 146 14 97 10,425 670 2,368 319 3,119 499 78 540 54 140 336 10 181 5 1,427 1/3 7 7 25 711 23 285 4,710 BUSINESS OR INDUSTRY & ADDITIONAL
SOURCESS.
PRIVATE ORGANIZATION ONLY.
PRIVATE ORGANIZATION & ADDITIONAL
SOURCESS OUNCESS ONLY
OTHER SOURCES & SOURCESS SPECIFIED ABOVE.
DIO NOT KNOW & NOT REPORTED. 350 608 297 11 19 42 527 89 95 77 135 78 62 133 930 71 152 37 3 25 122 781 35 12 20 160 247 3 108 20 1 15 EMPLOYER WAS A SOURCE OF PAYMENT 12,287 6,697 4,140 284 107 156 5,590 4.844 471 115 130 AHOUNT PAID BY SELF OR FAHILY TOTAL OOLLARS REPORTEO (1000) . . 2,10),336 1,063,257
AVERASE OOLLARS PER COURSE IN UNITS . . . 120 165
NUMBER OF COURSES FOR SHICH AN ANOUNT
MAS REPORTEO 18,033 6,449 918,810 54,151 168 43,473 258 46,822 1,103,079 28,700 9>9,397 160 5,739 322 168 329 COURSE SUBJECT AMRICULTURE & RENEWABLE NATURAL
RESOURCES.
ARTS IN YSUAL, & PERFORMING
BUSINESS
EDUCATION.
ENBINESRIME & RIMBERRING TECHNOLOGY
MEALIN CARE & MEALTH SCIENCES.
MEALIN EQUUCATION.
HOME ECONOMICS
PERSONAL SERVICES OCCUPATIONS.
LAMBUAGE, LINGUISTICS, & LIT (URE.
LIFE SCIENCES & PHYSICAL SCI. S)
MATMEMATICAL SCIENCES.
PHYSICAL COUCATION, PSYCHOLOGY.
PHYSICAL COUCATION & LEISURE
SOCIAL SCIENCES & OCIAL STUDIES
INTEROISCIPLINARY STUDIES.
UNABLE TO CLASSIFY. AURICULTURE & REHEWABLE NATURAL 449 2,373 8,564 2,926 3,654 3,993 1,150 1,245 326 576 4,171 897 2,970 123 1,797 4,393 2,028 683 2,737 789 115 1,700 3,820 1,681 583 23 186 67 156 79 14 8 18 64 36 115 96 107 22 7 · 311 . 22 176 65 19 42 15 2,466 713 1,236 361 84 296 182 330 72 255 575 1,162 413 1,205 2,606 2,377 513 1,392 1,653 722 165 597 594 1,033 621 1,072 132 998 20 2

HOTE: DETAILS MAY NUT AND TO TOTALS SECAUSE OF ROUNDING.



Table G. Number of courses taken by participants in adult education, by labor force status and sex of participant and by course characteristic: United States, week ending May 16, 1981.

INUMBERS IN THOUSANDS,)		•			_							*	
COURSE CHARACTERISTIC	TOTAL COURSES	TOTAL	IN LABOR	FORCE UN-	HOT IN	LARON F	ORCE	TOTAL	IN LAWOR		NOT IN	MEN LABUR FO	RCE
	1		EMPLOYED	EHPLOŸĒD	HOUSE	SCHOOL	OTHER		EMPLOYED E		HOUSE	SCHOOL	OTHER
TOTAL COURSES	37,381	16,182	14,776	615	25	299	***	21,199	15,560	796	3,414	552	586
MAIN REASON FOR TAKING COURSE				•••						•••		***	
JOB-RELATED REASONS. TO GET A MEE JOB IN CURRENT OR FORMER OCCUPATION. IN MEE OCCUPATIONAL FIELD. TO IMPROVE OR ADVANCE IN CURRENT JOB OTHER JOB-RELATED REASONS. NON-JOB-RELATED REASONS. FOR AMERICAN CITIZENSHIP. FOR SERERAL EDUCATION.	4,398 741 3,657 16,659 1,477 14,738	11,202 1,699 269 1,430 8,749 754 4,949 21 1,511	10,860 1,425 220 1,205 8,543 692 4,089 12 1,180	339 180 43 137 114 42 277	14 2 2 12 11	76 52 1 51 22 2 220 6	116 40 5 55 58 18 352 3	11,333 2,699 473 2,226 7,910 723 19,789 40 2,092	9,911 1,750 354 1,396 7,536 625 5,609 9	376 217 32 185 128 31 419	701 479 68 411 171 51 2,972 14 388	226 187 14 173 29 9 27 16 118	118 60 4 61 40 63
TO TABLE FOR VOLUNTEER CORK. FOR PERSONAL OR SOCIAL REASONS OTHER HON-JOB-RELATED REASONS. HOT REPORTED	490 10,187	3,012 162 30	236 2,528 133 26	114	11	67 8 2	272 12	245 7,176 237 78	102 4,057 113 40	223 10 2	108 2,378 83 22	173 15	28 344 7 5
SCHOOL CREOIT OBJECTIVES							J						
ELEMENTARY OR MISM SCHOOL OIPLONA	1,190 2,204 2,531 1,974	343 554 770 1,202 928 12,386	212 509 692 1,078 892 11,394	95 25 42 91 21 351	24	29 12 72 720	17 13 24 10 6 397	675 636 1,434 1,329 1,046 16,079	282 452 1,083 1,093 935 11,715	106 33 82 50 16 509	219 77 178 85 78 3,057	35 47 73 65 16 326	31 27 10 37 2 472
TRACE OR PROFESSIONAL OBJECTIVES													
JO OSTAIN A LICENSE OR CERTIFICATE TO REMEN A LICENSE OR CERTIFICATE	2,035	1,297 1,225 13,060	1,187 1,195 12,392	72 6 539	2 6 17	2\ 273	14 15 439	1,288 1,610 16,301	1,438 13,132	46 22 729	184 132 3,378	52 501	15 10 501
PROVIDER OF INSTRUCTION													
ELEMENTARY OR MISM SCHOOL 2-TEAR COLLEGE OR TECHNICAL INSTITUTE. 4-TEAR COLLEGE OR UNIVERSITY VOCATIONAL TRADE, OR BUSINESS SCHOOL OTHER SCHOOL TUTOR OR PRIVATÉ INSTRUCTOR. BUSINESS OR INDUSTRY LABOR ORGANIZATION OR PROFESSIONAL ASSN. SOVERNMENT AGENCY. PRIVATE COMMUNITY ORGANIZATION	7,160 3,413 1,134 1,637 5,119 1,658 2,934 3,172	726 2,634 3,211 1,327 494 502 3,165 1,071 1,476	402 2,362 2,986 1,172 401 425 3,067 1,038 1,359 770	38 106 130 89 33 32 61 27 35	77115	28 65 49 31 32 28 14	57 98 46 35 19 17 17 5 63	1,825 4,396 3,949 2,085 639 1,135 787 1,458 2,230	1,0v3 3,170 3,279 1,606 447 697 1,746 727 1,102 1,203	79 230 106 119 20 43 39 5	546 678 381 271 137 305 132 39 253 785	46 202 104 54 19 48 9 2 22 45	61 117 80 35 15 42 28 13 45
OTHER, DID NOT KNOW, OR NOT REPORTED EMPLOYER PROVIDED COURSE FOR EMPLOYEES		635 5,040	595 4,906	20 81	11	7 21	13	739	449 3,966	34 68	168	11	37 39
	77200	2744	,,	*•			, ,	*****	2,,	•••	.,,	••	-
SOURCE OF PAYMENT FOR COURSE SELF OR FAMILY ONLY	17,760	6,313	5,593	317	,	159	236	11,447	8,026	405	2,366	327	323
SELF OR FAMILY & ACCITIONAL SOURCE(\$). PUBLIC FUNDING ONLY BUSINESS OR INOUSTRY ONLY BUSINESS OR INOUSTRY & ACCITIONAL	1,427 6,402 711	3,100 327 4,710	2,750 299 4,603	16 142 7 81	10	1	19 105 19 15	745 3,302 384 3,380	2,289 2,289 243 3,218	36 199 19 61	95 538 61 79	162	114 114 13
SOURCE(S)		367 674	359 581	25	2	19	47	326 1,147	240 642	33	15 335	19	••
SOURCE(S)	1,456	96 527 89	79	27 3 7	:	10	25 7 15	133 930 71 192	49	3 5 4 5	186 17 73	35 1 2	10 37 1 10
EMPLOYER WAS A SOURCE OF PAYMENT		6,697	6,529	106	11	19	33	5,590	5,334	16	110	15	37
AMOUNT PAID BY SELF OR FAMILY													
TOTAL DOLLARS REPORTED: 6 000,000). AYERABE DOLLARS PER COURSE IN UNITS NUMBER OF COURSES FOR SHICK AM ANOUNT BAS REPORTED	120	1,063 165 6,449	935 163 5,734	50 157 310	83 •	49 319 155	28 121 234	1,103 95 11,584	821 101 8,167	54 130 429	152 65 2,358	54 169 317	20 6 5 313
		• •	'		,				- ·				
COURSE SUBJECT Abriculture & Renerable Natural													
RESOURCES. ARTS! VISUAL, & PERFORMING BUSIMESS EOUCATION. ENGINEERING & ENGINEERING TICHMOLOGY MEALTH CARE & MEALTH SCIENCES. MEALTH CARE & MEALTH SCIENCES. MEALTH COUCATION. HOME ECONOMICS PERSONAL SERVICES OCCUPATIONS. LANGUAGE, LINGUISTICS, & LITERATURE.	2,373 8,564 2,926 3,654 3,993 1,150 1,245 713	326 576 4,171 897 2,970 1,236 361 84 296	3,980 823 2,775 1,194	3 43 104 44 96 17 20	10	1 35 23 14 43 2 5 1	8 61 55 16 57 17 6 8	. 123 1,797 4,393 2,028 683 2,757 789 1,162 417 1,371	1,035 3,616 1,638 584 2,313 590	97 208 58 31 67 21 30 27	19 535 399 271 39 302 133 421 39 263	6 77 77 29 15 23 27 8 7	3 83 93 32 15 51 18 37 7
LIPE SCIENCES & PHYSICAL SCIENCES; HATMENATICAL SCIENCES. PHILOSOPHY & RELIBION, PSYCHOLORY, PHYSICAL EDUCATION & LEISURE SOCIAL SCIENCES & SOCIAL STUDIES INTERDISCIPLINARY STUDIES.	2,406 2,377 1,929	1,033 621 1,072 132 98	539	35 50 24 46 23 41	2	43 10 29 13	13 60 29 23 5	611 1,573 1,756 855 205 680	1,130 654 120	54 51 37 37 17 22	57 443 483 105 52 134	43 41 47 34 3	15 56 59 26 12 33

HOTE: DETAILS HAY NOT ADD TO TOTALS BECAUSE OF HOUNDING



Table H. Number of courses taken by participants in adult education, by selected objectives and by course characteristic: United States, year ending May 1981.

[.ECHARUPHT HI ERBRUHT]				_							
	•	<u> </u>	ı	SCHOOL	CREDIT OF	JECTIVES	i —		TRADE OR PRO	FESSIONAL (PAJECTIVES
COURSE CHARACTER LOTTE	TOTAL	EIGHTH GRADE CERTIF- ICATE	HIGH SCHOOL COM- PLETION	VOCA- TIONAL CERTIF- ICATE/ DIPLOMA	2-YEAR COLLEGE DEGREE	4-YEAR COLLEGE DEGREE	POST~ GRADUATE DEGREE	HONE & HOT REPORTED	OSTAIN A LICENSE OR CERTIF- ICATE	REMER A LICENSE ON CERTIF- ICATE	NEITHER & NOT REPORTED
TOTAL COURSES	37,381	•	1,011	1,190	2,204	2,531	1,974	28,465	2,584	2,835	31,961
HAIN REASON FOR TAKING COURSE											
JOS-RELATED REASONS. TO GET A MEM JOS IN CURRENT OR FORMER OCCUPATION IN MEM OCCUPATIONAL FIELD. TO IMPROVE OR ADVANCE IN CURRENT JOS OTHER JOS-RELATED REASONS. FOR AMERICAN CITIZENSMIP FOR GENERAL EDUCATION. TO TRAIN FOR VOLUMITER SORK. FOR PERSONAL OR SOCIAL REASONS. NOT REPORTED	22,534 4,598 741 3,657 16,659 1,477 14,738 60 3,603 490 10,187 398 108	•	105 62 7 56 22 21 902 690	1,073 440 59 381 592 41 117 39 18 56	1,444 755 107 647 640 758 	1,256 638 66 972 970 47 1,255 1,001	1,667 327 85 242 1,247 93 303 206 83	16,989 2,176 416 1,760 13,588 1,225 11,398 60 1,034 472 9,391 241 78	2,312 990 144 845 1,173 150 270 87 26 142 16 2	2,659 86 48 38 2,359 214 172 24 94 71 33	17,564 3,322 549 2,773 13,128 1,113 14,296 60 3,492 420 9,975 350
PROVIDER OF INSTRUCTION											
ELEMENTARY OR HIGH SCHOOL. 2-YEAR COLLEGE OR TECHNICAL INSTITUTE. 4-YEAR COLLEGE OR WITVERSITY. YCCATIONAL, TRACE, OR SUSINESS SCHOOL. TOTOR OR PRIVATE INSTRUCTOR. SUSINESS-OR INDUSTRY. LABOR ORGANIZATION OR PROFESSIONAL ASSN. GLYERNERIT ACLICY. PRIVATE COMMUNITY ORGANIZATION. OTHER, DID NOT KNOW, OR NOT REPORTEO.	2,551 7,030 7,160 3,413 1,134 1,637 5,119 1,855 2,934 3,172 1,374	5	504 142 41 84 79 6 7 74 48 27	40 227 98 422 39 11 144 63 112 36	8 1,926 142 75 4 4 25 4 7	551 1,874 48 - 1 19 - 9	5 79 1, 636 72 47 16 18 38 20 8	1, 979 4,105 3,369 2,713 965 1,579 4,906 1,773 2,711 3,069	36 639 611 490 97 68 246 98 157 74	49 261 560 479 67 65 333 435 323 97 166	2,467 6,130 5,080 2,444 970 1,503 4,541 1,325 2,454 3,001 1,130
EMPLOYER PROVIDED COURSE FOR EMPLOYEES	9,260	-	1*	359	127	161	223	8,371	630	932	7,698
SOURCE OF PAYMENT FOR COURSE											
SELF OR FAMILY ONLY. SELF OR FAMILY & ADDITIONAL SOURCE(S). PUBLIC FUNDINS ONLY PUBLIC FUNDINS & ADDITIONAL SOURCE(S). SUSINESS OR INOUSTRY ONLY SUSINESS OR INOUSTRY ADDITIONAL	17,760 1,427 6,402 711 8,090	3	327 24 548 21 11	502 55 276 45 287	1,273 117 494 72 221	1,567 281 313 106 295	1,236 217 191 85 277	12,853 733 4,577 3#3 6,946	1,438 131 460 114 414	1,273 94 471 55 709	15,049 1,202 5,471 542 6,967
SOURCE(S)	1,821	ī	1 12	17 34	76	144	118 37	338 1,721	38 67	34 144	1,608
PRIVATE ORBANIZATION & ADDITIONAL SOURCESS. OTHER SOURCES ONLY OTHER SOURCES & SOURCE(S) SPECIFIED ABOVE. DID NOT KNOW & NOT REPORTED.	218 1,456 160 247	:	54 2 35	26	63 11 5	97 27 7	17 11 2	192 1,244 106 194	30 21 7	22 124 10	188 1,293 129 234
EMPLOYER WAS A SOURCE OF PAYMENT	12,287	-	16	439	384	547	590	10,307	744	1,179	10,364
AHOUNT PAID BY SELF OR FAMILY											
TOTAL DOLLARS REPORTED (5000) AVERAGE DOLLARS PER COURSE IN UNITS	2,166,336 120 18,033	(4)	12,634 41 311	172,228 336 513	133,726 104 1,286	232,009 .32 1,752	272,125 200 1,357	1,343,614 105 12,814	379,299 255 1,488	179,679 140 1,282	1,607,357 105 15,263
COURSE SUBJECT								•			
AGRICULTURE & RENEWABLE NATURAL RESOURCES. ARTSI VISUAL, & PERFORMING. BUSINESS. EDUCATION ENGINEERING & ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY MEALTH CARE & MEALTH SCIENCES. MEALTH COUCATION HOME ECONOMICS PERSONAL SERVICES OCCUPATIONS. LANGUAGE, LINGUISTICS, & LITERATURE.	449 2,373 8,564 2,926 3,693 1,150 1,245 7,184		1 14 41 388 12 2 7 7 9 2	10 16 329 60 270 206 34 14 60	7 92 627 135 302 149 37 18	10 126 718 198 187 122 33 22 2	13 60 438 580 95 132 36 3	407 2,066 6,411 1,562 2,788 3,381 1,003 1,180 632 1,518	608 342 334 357 73 16	24 35 494 318 117 1/146 .73 14 68	390 2,311 7,463 3,205 3,202 2,485 903 1,215 5,215 2,098
LIFE SCIENCES & PHYSICAL SCIENCES MATHEMATICAL SCIENCES PHILOSOPHY & RELIGION, PSYCHOLOGY, PHYSICAL EDUCATION & LEISURL SYCIAL SCIENCES & SOCIAL STUDIES INTERDISCIPLINARY STUDIES. UMABLE TO CLASSIPY.	1,205 2,606 2,377 1,929	:	108 19 3 91 164 41	30 32 3 4 3 50	218 105 26 234 47	286 239 27 261 9	100 210 29 178 12	462 2,000 2,289 1,121 149 1,496	93 91 68 152	52 57 34 169	1,059 2,458 2,275 1,607 324 1,377

HOTE: DETAILS HAY NOT ADD TO TOTALS BECAUSE OF HOUNDING



والمنتقار

Table I. Number of courses taken by participants in adult education, by provider of instruction and by course characteristic: United States, year ending May 1981.

INUMBERS IN THOUSANDS. 1 PROVIDER OF INSTRUCTION LABOR ORGANI-ZATION OR PROFES-SIONAL ASSOCI-COURSE CHARACTERISTIC TOTAL VOCA-TIONAL/ TRADE/ BUSINESS SCHOOL PRIVATE COURSES 2-YEAR COLLEGE/ TECHNICAL INSTITUTE TUTOR/ PRIVATE IN-STRUCTOR ELE-COM-HUNITY ORGANI-COLLEGE OR UNI-VERSITY BUSINESS GOV-OTHER HIGH OR INDUSTRY ERHHENT & MOT REPORTED ATION ZATIUN 37,381 2,551 7.030 7,160 3,413 1 4 6 37 5,119 1,858 2,934 3,172 2,507 MAIN REASON FOR TAKING COURSE MAIN REASON FOR TARTHE COUNSE

JOS-RETATED REASONS.

TO GET A NEW JOS

IN CURRENT OR FORMER DCCUPATION.

IN MEW OCCUPATIONAL FIELD.

TO IMPROVE OR ADVANCE IN CURRENT JOS

OTHER JOS-RELATED REASONS.

FOR AMERICAN CITIZENSHIP

FOR GENERAL EQUICATION.

TO TRAIN FOR VOLUNTEER WORK.

FOR PERSONAL OR SOCIAL REASONS

OTHER NON-JOS-RELATED REASONS.

HOT REPORTED 22,534 4,398 741 3,457 16,659 1,477 14,738 3,739 1,522 240 1,282 1,992 225 3,275 4,602 323 37 285 3,990 290 509 2,635 704 124 579 1,783 1,341 238 28 28 115 1,645 179 936 73 28 48 1,413 75 356 78 2,648 421 42 1,090 149 770 3 276 2,313 1,156 ø 15 514 13 27 1,197 3,603 142 214 2,248 • 2 3 207 26 882 1,184 28 161 12 23 1,020 83 29 10,137 1,934 80 15 545 25 7 435 63 1,355 1,034 55 14 SCHOOL CREDIT OBJECTIVES 84 422 75 48 72 2,713 143 227 1,926 551 79 4,105 11 48 36 4 106 58 43 112 3,004 TRADE OR PROFESSIONAL OBJECTIVES TO OBTAIN A LICENSE OR CERTIFICATE . . TO RENEW A LICENSE OR CERTIFICATE . . . HONE OF THE ABOVE OR HOT REPORTED. . . 439 261 6,130 490 479 2,444 98 435 1,325 233 2,108 3,001 SOURCE OF PAYMENT FOR COURSE SELF OR FAMILY ONLY.
SELF OR FAMILY & ADDITIONAL SOURCE(S).
PUBLIC FUNDING ONLY.
PUBLIC FUNDING & ADDITIONAL SOURCE(S).
BUSINESS OR INDUSTRY ONLY.
SUSINESS OR INDUSTRY & ADDITIONAL 679 106 191 34 3,963 4,280 304 1,465 4,245 587 871 257 1,108 557 35 2,083 17,760 1,427 6,402 711 8,090 1,591 33 712 1,230 666 64 123 1,401 71 111 20 108 1,386 120 403 77 895 30 47 216 20 288 SOURCE(3).

PRIVATE ORGANIZATION ONLY

PRIVATE ORGANIZATION & ADDITIONAL

SOURCE(5).

OTHER SOURCES & SOURCE(3) SPECIFIED ABOVE.

DID NOT KNOW & NOT REPORTED. 295 112 55 130 108 1,821 42 161 31 1,017 93 2#3 17 61 10 195 26 22 35 10 103 13 14 243 17 45 80 2 11 218 18 185 51 30 112 13 33 14 EMPLOYER WAS A SOURCE OF PAYMENT 12,287 237 1,136 2,130 1,207 260 3,928 912 1,599 300 570 AMOUNT PAID BY SELF OR FAHILY 688,855 151 438,928 259 15**6,** 715 136 87,967 119 104,575 161 18,638 59,955 275,473 280,939 120 1,450 4,239 4,574 1,167 737 574 COURSE SUBJECT AGRICULTURE ; REHEWABLE NATURAL
RESOUNCES.
ARTSI VISUAL, & PERFORMING
SUSINESS.
EOUCATION.
EMBINEERING & ENGINEERING TECHNOLOGY
MEALTH CARE & MEALTH SCIENCES.
HEALTH CARE & MEALTH SCIENCES.
HEALTH CORE SOCCUPATIONS.
LAMBUAGE LINGUISTICS. & LITERATURE.
LIFE SCIENCES & PHYSICAL SCIENCES;
MATHEMATICAL SCIENCES,
PHYSICAL SCIENCES,
PHYSICAL SCIENCES,
PHYSICAL ECUCATION & LETSUARE
SOCIAL SCIENCES,
SO 449 2,373 8,564 2,926 3,659 3,993 1,150 1,245 713 2,184 20 218 47 142 23 367 163 135 24 10 474 155 30 54 21 25**9** 3**9**5 25 239 310 361 131 49 57 107 377 20 87 710 95 501 1,006 232 109 142 73 1,794 74 2,431 580 121 122 513 82 57 30 1,686 1,134 323 436 832 558 142 80 36 519 95 616 1,205 2,406 2,377 1,929 448 578 158 57 71 81 85 33 43 16 170 48 56 159 236 75 22 197 351 103 88 112 326 31 901 39 156 234 73 106

NOTE: OFFAILS MAY NOT ADD TO TOTALS SECAUSE OF HOUNDING.



Table J. Number of courses taken by participants in adult education, by main reason for taking course and by course characteristic: United States, year ending May 1981.

(MUMBERS IN THOUSANDS.) MAIN REASON FOR TAKING COURSE

JOE-RELATED REASON
ROYE MEW JOB NEW JOB
RRHT IN SAME NEW PERSONAL/ VOLUM
JOB OCCUPATION OCCUPATION OTHER SOCIAL ٠. HON-JOR-RELATED REASON

TRAIN FOR CITIZENVOLUNTEER GENERAL SMIP
WORK EQUICATION TRAINING -TOTAL COURSE CHARACTERISTIC IMPROVE REASON NOT REPORTED OTHER 37.381 3 457 1.477 10,187 490 3,603 394 108 SCHOOL CREOIT OBJECTIVES ELEMENTARY OR HIGH SCHOOL DIPLOMA....
VOCATIONAL CERTIFICATE/DIPLOMA
2-YEAR COLLEGE DEERREE CREDIT.
4-YEAR COLLEGE DEERREE CREDIT.
4-YEAR COLLEGE DEERREE CREDIT.
POSTGRADUATE OR PROFESSIONA. DEGREE....
NOME OF THE ASOVE OR NOT REPORTED..... 1,017 1,180 2,204 2,531 7 59 107 66 85 692 39 571 1,061 206 1,034 160 56 171 127 1 ... 2 21 78 16 1,511 • 472 TRADE OR PROFESSIONAL DEJECTIVES 154 48 548 845 38 2,773 142 71 9,975 26 44 420 •0 PROVIDER OF INSTRUCTION ELEMITARY OR HIGH SCHOOL.
2-YEAR COLLEGE OR TECHNICAL INSTITUTE.
4-YEAR COLLEGE OR TECHNICAL INSTITUTE.
4-YEAR COLLEGE OR UNIVERSITY
YOCATIONAL, TRANSP, OR SUSINESS SCHOOL.
0174R SCHOOL
7170R OR PRIVATE INSTRUCTOR.
8USINESS OR INDUSTRY
LABOR OREANIZATION OF PROFESSIONAL ASSN.
80 VERNMENT ASENCY.
PRIVATE COMMUNITY ORGANIZATION.
0THER, DIO NOT KNOW, OR NOT REPORTED. 2,551 7,030 7,160 3,413 1,134 1,637 5,119 1,858 143 1,282 850 579 127 73 280 1,355 1,834 1,020 545 467 30 250 213 124 17 37 28 28 13 36 23 37 25 25 18 14 1,992 3,478 1,753 327 225 276 149 44 42 290 75 199 78 53 1,613 1,645 356 680 115 72 82 2,248 EMPLOYER PROVIDED COURSE FOR EMPLOYEES . . 7,563 95 347 ... 354 39 152 14 SOURCE OF PAYMENT FOR COURSE SELF OR FAMILY ONLY.

SELF OR FAMILY & ADDITIONAL SOURCE(S).

PUBLIC FUNDING & ADDITIONAL SCURCE(S).

BUSINESS OR INDUSTRY ONLY.

BUSINESS OR INDUSTRY & ADDITIONAL

SOURCE(S). 2,359 197 615 117 302 4,858 677 3,096 298 6,733 417 64 114 45 7,278 199 978 454 56 394 87 25 157 1,991 182 897 53 21 47 24 15 423 629 97 43 30 12 763 162 14 218 1,456 160 247 104 501 70 56 145 28 57 3 50 4 77 577 19 37 35 14 11 14 2 EMPLOYER WAS A SOURCE OF PAYMENT 169 514 717 413 30 420 15 20 AMOUNT PAID BY SELF OR FAMILY 102,272 530,257 63,153 132 4, 170 39 8,484 154 55 27 480 107 242 55 461 2,401 2,004 7,110 COURSE SUBJECT AGRICULTURE & RENEWABLE HATURAL 265 261 5,517 1,558 2,326 2,682 485 97 397 486 26 138 1,204 226 534 286 70 64 104 35 19 35 132 27 14 18 28 358 141 136 247 78 6 33 2,373 8,564 2,826 3,654 3,654 3,993 1,150 1,245 713 2,184 28 221 104 63 59 18 1,728 548 281 377 17 15 17 25 24 20 89 95 50 14 513 2 j 19 52 12 128 1,386 2,133 238 79 475 1,205 2,606 2,377 1,929 337 173 154 43 238 459 284 36 342 150 79 331 568 68 906 62 649 28 34 43 22 5 53 22

NOTEL DETAILS MAY NOT ADO TO TOTALS SECAUSE OF HOURSTHS.



Appendix B

Technical Notes



Source and Reliability of the Estimates

Source of Data

The estimates are based on data collected in May 1981 from the Current Population Survey (CPS) conducted by the Bureau of the Census. The monthly CPS deals mainly with labor force data for the civilian noninstitutional population. Questions relating to labor force participation are asked about each member 14 years old and over in each sample household. In May 1981, additional screening questions relating to adult education activities were asked of each civilian household member 17 years of age or older. When possible, a personal interview was conducted with each identified adult education participant.

The present CPS sample was initially selected from the 1970 census file with coverage in all 50 States and the District of Columbia. The sample is continually updated to reflect new construction where possible (see "Nonsampling Variability," below). The monthly CPS sample is located in 629 areas comprising 1,133 counties, independent cities, and minor civil divisions in the Nation. In this sample, approximately 60,500 occupied households were eligible for interview. Of this number, about 2,500 occupied units were visited but interviews were not obtained because the occupants were not found at home after repeated calls or were unavailable for some other reason.

The estimation procedure used in this survey involves the inflation of the weighted sample results to independent estimates of the total civilian noninstitutional population of the United States by age, race, and sex. These independent estimates are based on statistics from decennial censuses; statistics on births, deaths, immigration, and emigration; and statistics on the strength of the Armed Forces. Estimates in the tabulations for May 1981 are based on the adjustment of weighted sample results to independent estimates derived from the 1980 decennial census.

Reliability of Sample Estimates

Estimates based on a sample may differ somewhat from the figures that would have been obtained if a complete census had been taken using the same questionnaires, instructions, and enumerators. There are two types of errors possible in an estimate based on a sample survey: sampling and nonsampling. The standard errors provided for these tabulations primarily indicated the magnitude of the sampling error. They also partially measure the effect of some nonsampling errors in response and enumeration, but do not measure any systematic biases in the data. The full extent of nonsampling error is unknown. Consequently, particular care should be exercised in the interpretation of figures based on a relatively small number of cases or on small differences between estimates.

Nonsampling variability. — Nonsampling errors can be attributed to many sources; e.g., inability to obtain information about all cases in the sample; definitional difficulties; differences in the interpretation of questions; inability or unwillingness on the part of the respondents to provide correct information; inability to recall information; errors made in collection, such as in recording or coding the data; errors made in processing the data; errors made in estimating values for missing data; and failure to represent all units with the sample (undercoverage).

Sampling variability. — The standard errors given in the following tables are primarily measures of sampling variability; that is, of the variations that occurred by chance because a sample rather than the entire population was surveyed. The sample estimate and its standard error enable one to construct confidence inter-



vals—ranges that would include the average result of all possible samples with a known probability. For example, if all possible samples were selected, if each of these were surveyed under essentially the same general conditions using the same sample design, and if an estimate and its standard error were calculated from each sample, then:

- 1. Approximately 68 percent of the intervals from one standard error below the estimate to one standard error above the estimate would include the average result of all possible samples.
- 2. Approximately 90 percent of the intervals from 1.6 standard errors below the estimate to 1.6 standard errors above the estimate would include the average result of all possible samples.
- 3. Approximately 95 percent of the intervals from two standard errors below the estimate to two standard errors above the estimate would include the average result of all possible samples.

Standard Error Tables

The figures presented in tables B-1 and B-3 are approximations to standard errors for persons. The figures shown in tables B-2 and B-4 are approximations to standard errors for courses. Standard errors for intermediate values not shown in the generalized tables may be approximated by interpolation.

Standard errors of estimated numbers. — To illustrate the use of the standard error of an estimated number, text table 1 (see page 00) of the tabulations shows that in May 1981, there were 1,299,000 black non-Hispanic participants in adult education. Using standard error table B-1, the approximate standard error is 55,000. This means that the 68-percent confidence interval for the number of black non-Hispanic participants in adult education is from 1,244,000 to 1,354,000. The 95-percent confidence interval is 1.189,000 to 1,409,000.

Standard errors of estimated percentages. — The reliability of an estimated percentage, computed using sample data for both numerator and denominator, depends on both the size of the percentage and the size of the total upon which the percentage is based. Estimated percentages are relatively more reliable than the corresponding estimates of the numerators of the percentages, particularly if the percentages are 50 percent or more. When the numerator and denominator of the percentage are in different categories, use standard error tables indicated by the numerator. The approximate standard error, $\sigma_{(x,p,)}$, of an estimated percentage can be obtained by use of the generalized error tables B-3 or B-4.

To illustrate the use of the standard error of an estimated percentage, text table 1 shows that of the 9,359,000 male participants in adult education, 1,640,000 or 17.5 percent were in the 17-24 age group. Consequently, the 68-percent confidence interval for the percentage of male participants age 17-24 is from about 16.9 to 18.1 percent. The 95-percent confidence interval is from about 16.3 to 18.7 percent.

Standard error of a difference. — For a difference between two sample estimates, the standard error is approximately equal to

$$\sigma_{(\mathbf{x}-\mathbf{y})} = \sqrt{\sigma_{\mathbf{x}}^2 + \sigma_{\mathbf{y}}^2}$$

where σ_x and σ_y are the standard errors of the estimates x and y, the estimates can be of numbers, percents, ratios, etc. This will represent the actual standard errors quite accurately for the difference between two estimates of the same characteristic in two different areas, or for the difference between separate and uncorrelated characteristics in the same area. If, however, there is a high positive (negative) correlation between the two characteristics, the formula will overestimate (underestimate) the true standard error.

Illustration of the computation of the standard error of a difference. — As stated earlier, text table 1 shows that in 1981, 17.5 percent of male participants in adult education were in the 17-24 age group. The approximate standard error of 17.5 percent is .62 percent. Text table 1 also shows that 19.3 percent of female participants in adult education were in that age group. Thus, the apparent difference between the percent of men and that of women participants in that age group is 1.8 percent. The approximate standard error of 19.3 percent is .58 percent. Therefore, using the formula above, the standard error of the estimated difference of 1.8 percent is about .85 percent.



$$\sqrt{(.62)^2 + (.58)^2} = .85$$
 percent

This means that the 68-percent confidence interval for the difference between the percent of male and female participants in the 17-24 age group is from about 1.8 to 2.7 percent, and the 95-percent confidence interval is from about 0.1 to 3.5 percent.

Comparability with Previous Survey Data

Caution should be used in comparing metropolitan and nonmetropolitan area estimates from 1978 and later years to each other and to those from earlier years. Methodological and sample design changes occurred in these recent years, resulting in relatively large differences in the metropolitan and nonmetropolitan area estimates.

Caution should also be used in comparing estimates from 1981, which are controlled to independent population estimates derived from the 1980 census, to those from earlier years, which are controlled to population estimates derived from earlier censuses, as described previously. The population counts as of April 1, 1980, from the 1980 census differ substantially from the independent estimates for the same date, based on the 1970 census. For example, the 1980-based estimate of the civilian noninstitutional population on April 1, 1980, was about 5,000,000 more than the 1970-based estimate for the same date. Furthermore, it is generally believed that the 1980 census reduced the undercount experienced in 1970 for the population as a whole and most notably for minority groups. As a result, the estimates from 1981 may differ somewhat more from those for earlier years than what could be attributed to actual changes in the population and these differences may be disproportionately greater for certain sub-population groups than for the total population.

Definitions and Concepts

Population coverage — The estimates in this report include all persons 17 years of age and over in the civilian noninstitutionalized population in the calendar week ending May 16, 1981, and excludes all members of the Armed Forces and inmates of institutions.

Race/ethnic groups — The population is divided into two major groups: Hispanic and non-Hispanic

Hispanic refers to persons who are Mexican, Puerto Rican, Cuban, Central or South American, or other Hispanic origin or descent. Persons of Hispanic origin may be of any race. At the time of the 1980 Census of Population, about 96 percent of the Hispanic population was classified as white.

Non-Hispanic is divided into three groups on the basis of race: white, black, and "other." The last category includes Indians, Japanese, Chinese, and any other race except white and black.

Labor force status — This term defines whether a person is in the labor force or not in the labor force. "In the labor force" includes those who are employed and those who are unemployed.

Employed persons are all those who, during the survey week (a) did any work at all as paid employees or in their own business or profession, or on their own farm, or who worked 15 hours or more as unpaid workers in an enterprise operated by a member of the family; or (b) did not work but had jobs or businesses from which they were temporarily absent because of illness, bad weather, vacation, labor-management dispute, or for personal reasons, whether or not they were paid by their employers for the time off, and whether or not they were seeking other jobs.

Unemployed persons are all those who did not work during the survey week, made specific efforts to find a job within the preceding 4 weeks, and were available for work or would have been available during the survey week except for temporary illness. Also included as unemployed are those who did not work at all, were available for work and (a) were waiting to be called back to a job from which they had been laid off, or (b) were waiting to report to a new wage or salary job within 30 days.

"Not in the labor force" includes all those not defined as employed or unemployed. It includes those who are keeping house, going to school, retired, unable to work, and persons who worked less than 15 hours a week as unpaid workers in a family enterprise.



Occupation of employed worker — Data refer to the type of job held by employed persons during the survey week. Persons with two jobs or more are classified in the job at which they worked the greatest number of hours.

Sums of distribution — Sums of individual items, whether absolute number or percentages, may not equal totals because of independent rounding of totals and components. Percentage totals, however, are always shown as 100 percent.

Table B-1. Standard errors for estimated numbers of persons (68 chances out of 100. Numbers in thousands)

Size of estimate	Standard error	Size of estimate	Standard error	
10	5	750	42	
15	6	1,000	49	
25	8	2,500	77	
50	11	5,000	108	
. 75	13	10,000	149	
100	15	25,000	223	
250	24 .	50,000	282	
500	35	100,000	282	

NOTE: To obtain standard errors for non-metropolitan data, multiply the standard errors above by 1.22.

Table B.2. Standard errors for estimated numbers of courses (68 chances out of 100. Numbers in thousands)

Size of estimate	Standard error	Size of estimate	Standard error	
10	7	750	59	
· 15	8	1,000	68	
25	11	2,500	108	•
50	15	5,000	154	
75	18	7,500	191	
100	21	10,000	223	
250	34	25,000	373	
500	48	30,000	. 416	





Table B-3. Standard errors for estimated percentages of persons (68 chances out of 100. Estimated percentage)

•		3								
Base of estimated percentage (thousands)	1 or 99	2 or 98	5 or 95	10 or 90	15 or 85	25 or 75	50			
10	4.9	6.9	10.7	14.7	17.5	21.2	24.5			
15	4.0	5.6	8.7	12.0	14.3	17.3	20.0			
25	3.1	4.3	6.7	9.3	11.1	13.4	15.5			
50	2.2	3.1	4.8	6.6	7.8	9.5	10.9			
75	`1.8	2.5	3.9	5.4	6.4	7.7	8.9			
100	1.5	2.2	3.4	4.6	5.5	6.7	7.7			
250	1.0	1.4	2.1	2.9	3.5	4.2	4.9			
500	0.7	1.0	1.5	2.1	2.5	3.0	3.5			
750	0.6	0.8	1.2	4 ∂ 1.7	2.0	2.4	2.8			
1,000	0.5	0.7	1.1	- 1.5	1.7	2.1	2.4			
2,500	0.3	0.4	C.7	0.9	1.1	1.3	1.5			
5,000	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.7	0.8	0.9	1.1			
7,500	0.2	0.3	` 0.4	0.5	0.6	0.8	0.9			
10,000	0.15	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.8			
25,000	0.10	0.14	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.5			
50,000	0.07	0.10	0.15	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3			
100,000	0.05	0.07	0.11	0.15	0.2	0.2	0.2			
155,000	0.04	0.05	0.09	0.12	0.14	0.1	0.2			

NOTE: To obtain standard errors for non-metropoliten date, multiply the above standard errors by 1.22.



Table B-4. Standard errors for estimated percentages of courses (68 chances out of 100. Estimated percentage)

Base of estimated percentage (thousands)	1 or 99	2 or 98	5 or 95	10 or 90	15 or 85	25 cr 75 .	5,0
10	6.7	9.4	14.7	20.2	24.1	29.2	33.7
15	5.5	7.7	12.0	16.5	19.7	23.8	27.5
25	4.2	6.0	9.3	12.8	15.1	18.5	21.3
50	3.0	4.2	6.6	- 9.0	10.8	13.1	15.1
75	2.5	3.4	5.4	7.4	8.8	10.7	12.3
100	2.1	3.0	4.6	6.4	7.6	9.2	10.7
չ 250	1.3	1.9	2.9	4.0	4.8	5.8	6.7
500	0.9	1.3	2.1	2.9	3.4	4.1	·4.8
1,000	0.7	0.9	1.5	2.0	2.4	2.9	3.4
2,500	0.4	0.6	0.9	1.3	1.5	1.8	2.1
5,000	0.3	0.4	0.7	0.9	1.1	1.3	1.5
7,500	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.7	0.9	1.1	1.2
10,000	0.2	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.8	0.9	1.1
25,000	. 0.13	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7
30,000	0.12	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.6

Appendix C

Survey Questionnaire



1. INTERVIEWER CHECK ITEM FORM CPS 600 2. SAMPLE 3. CONTROL NUMBER Only CPS-880 for household O } (Fit all a First CPS-880 of continuation hThd. . . O } or this p Second CPS-880 of continuation hThd O } (7/recent ABCDE 00000 Second CPS-880 of continuation h1hid O (Transcribe Issue 2~ Third, fourth, etc. CPS-880 O Inom first CPS-682) YEAR & PSU NO 7. SEGMENT S. SERIAL 0000 • 0000.000 | • 0000 NO. 10. INTERVIEWER CODE A B C D E F G H J K L M 0 0 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 00000000000 0123456789 0123456789 3 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 9 9 9 9 9 6 6 6 7 7 7 9 8 8 6666 7777 *** SURVEY 098765432 education ADULT

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X.

	ISC. AGE	10E. SEX	TYPE OF INTERVIEW	8. What was the name of this source or authity?	Course s1	Course #2	Course #3	Course #4	٦
00	ø	Mele O Female O		(If more than 1 course taken, obtain names of all					١
1 1	1 1	ramaa O	Interview, O	or the 4 most recent courses before miking Items 9-19				1	ŀ
S S	s s	ISHL RACE	Naninterview O	for each course) ——		1	1	1	
3 3	3 3	1 White, O	No ene home O'	6, in what general subject-matter area was this source?	 	+	 	+	ᅱ
5	3 3	2. Black O	Temp, Absent	1 Agriculture and renewable natural resources	10	10	10	1 0	١
6	6 6	3. Amer, Indien. Aleut, Eskimo O	Refueld O	2 Arts, visual and performing, , ,	20	2 0			
á	7 7 8 8	4. Asian or a. Pacific	Other	3 Busness	30	1	2 0	2 0	- [
9	9 9	Islander O		1	1	3 0	3 0	3.0	- 1
		5 Other o		4 Education . 5. Engineering and engineering technology,	4 0	1 4 0	1 0	1 4 0	- 1
1. Are you new at	cronding or o	rolled as a <u>full-glose</u> saud	ent in a school of any type?	computer science and data processing, etc. 6 Health care and health sciences	5.0	5 O	5. C	1.0	ľ
Ye	0 (AM 2	, 🚍		7 Health education	70 _	7 0	70 _	7 0	- 1
	O (SAIP!			8 Home sconomics					ı
		,		Personal services occupations	9 0	9 0	9 0		- 1
2. Are you in a pr	regrafii laadin	s toward the completion	of stementary school or	10. Listrausse, linguistics, and ligerature; communication.	.	1,00			-1
high school?	-	•		11. Life sciences and	10 0	10 0	10 0	10 0	
Yer	· Ö 15441	• 5)		physical sciences, methematical sciences	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0	١
No	• • 🗝			13 Physical education and lessure.	13 0	13 0	1		
				1	ì	i -	13 0	13. 0	١
3. Are you in a se				14 Social sclences and social studies; law, etc.	14 0	14 0	14 0	14 0	١
		for's, master's, or decions	dograe program) (15, Interdisciplinary studies	15 0	15 0	15. 0	15. 0	
	O Gran	, si	· · ·	16 Unable to classify	16 0	18 0	16 0	16 0	1
He	• • 7	-	•	10. What was your main resson for taking this course?		Î.			ヿ
A Are Vitte in a see		teupetional program?		For personal or social reasons (e.g. community	٠.	'''	*****	*****	
			•	ectivity, home and family life, personal	١.,	}	1		
Y₩	• 0	•	à.	development, social and recreational interests). 2. To improve, advence, or	10	' °	10	10	-
			; *	keep up to dete in my current job	2 0	20	2. 0	2.0	-
No	0		• •	3. To train for an occupational field I have not worked in previously	3 0	3 0	3 0	3 0	-
			<u> </u>	4. Te get a new job in my current occupation or in a previous occupation.	40	1,40	4.0	4 0	- [
		nee in school) during the		5 Other job-related resson	. ■	• 0	60	\$ 0	
or activities as			escrues neitecubs flubs less	8. To train for volunteer work	60	I 6 °	60 -	I . O	-
(Read or show a	definition and	list of examples on flashco	erd)	7 For general education	7. 0	₽~ 7 O	70	7. 0	1
Yes	O (AM 6)			8 To prepare for neturalization us an American citizan	* o	1.0			
		residente for this person)		Other nonjob-related reason	• 0	• 0			Į.
	- 15 4			11 0/4		L			╝
		er activities did you parti	cipete in,	11. Did you take this course to meet a requirement for obtaining a certificate, diploma, or degree?	Yes O (Ash	Yes O (Apr	YM O (AM	Y O (A)A	
including any sh	hat you did no	t complete?	_	_ i	110)	110)	110)	110)	-
		0 0			No O (SAp No 12)	No O (SAI)	No O (SA) 10 12)	No O (SAN)	
		2 S I I		11s. What type of certificate, diploma, or degree?	10 /4/	1	1 12)	10 12	4
		3				1	l	1	-
		4		1 8th grade certificate .	10	1 0	10	10	
		_		2 Nigh school diploma		I	l	ļ	- 1
		_ 5		I = man school opioma					- 1
	1	a 6		(including equivalency cartificate) .	2 0	2 0	20	20	
	ı	8		(including equivalency certificate) . 3 Certificate or Post					
	ű.	■ ?		(including equivalency contificate) ,	2 O 3 O	3 0	3 0	3 0	
<u></u>	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	8 9		(Including equivalency cartificate) 3 Certificate or poet high school diplome in a vocational program 4 2-year degree from	3 0	3 0	3 0	3 0	
. INTERVIEWER	R CHECK ITE	8 9		(including equivalency cartificate) 3 Certificate or Dost high school deplome in a vocational program 4 2-year degree from a college or technical institute(associate degree)					
INTERVIEWER		8 9		(including equivalency cartificate) 3 Certificate or post high school diplome in a vocational program 4 2-year degree from a college of technical institute (associate degree) 5 4-year degree from	3 0	3 0	3 0	3 0	
- - INTERVIEWER		8 9	k Irone 8–19 for each course	(including equivalency certificate) 3 Cartificats or post high school diploma in a vocational program 4 2-year degree from a college or technical institute (associate degree) 5 4-year degree from a college or university (bachalary degree)	3 0	3 O 4 O 5 O	3 0	3 0	
INTERVIÈWER	O Entry o	G ? 8 9 9 Million Million 6 - Au		(including equivalency cartificate) 3 Certificate or post high school diplome in a vocational program 4 2-year degree from a college of technical institute (associate degree) 5 4-year degree from	3 0	3 0	3 0	3 0	
INTERVIEWER	O Entry o	M 14 or less in item 6 — Au 45 or more in item 6 — A		(Including equivalency certificate) 3 Certificate or Dost high school deplome in a vocational program. 4 2-year degree from a college or technical institute (associate degree) 5 4-year degree from a college or university (backeler's degree) 8. Graduate or professional degree	3 0 4 0 5 0	3 O 4 O 5 O	3 0 4 0 5 0	3 0 4 0 5 0	
. INTERVIEWER	O Entry o	M 14 or less in item 6 — Au 45 or more in item 6 — A	lak homa 8–19 for the 4	(including equivalency certificate) 3 Certificate or Dost high school diploma in a vocational program. 4 2-year degree from a college or technical institute (associate degree) 5 4-year degree from a college or university (backeler's degree) 8. Graduate or professional degree (such as, master's, declares, medical dicctor)	3 0 4 0 5 0	3 O 4 O 5 O	3 C 4 O 5 O	3 0 4 0 5 0	
. INTERVIEWER	O Entry o	SM 14 or less in stem 6 — Au 15 or more in stem 6 — A	lak homa 8–19 for the 4	(including equivalency certificate) 3 Certificate or Dost high school diploma in a vocational program. 4 2-year degree from a college or technical institute (associate degree) 5 4-year degree from a college or university (becheler's degree) 8. Graduate or professional degree (such as master's, declarets, medical doctor) 7 Other	3 0 4 0 5 0 6 0 7 0	3 0 4 0 5 0 6 9	3 0 4 0 5 0 6 0 7 0	3 0 4 0 5 0 6 0 7 0	
INTERVIEWER	O Entry o	M 14 or less in item 6 — Au 45 or more in item 6 — A	lak homa 8–19 for the 4	(including equivalency cartificate) 3 Cartificats or Dost high school diploma in a vocational program 4 2-year degree from a college or technical institute (associate degree) 5 4-year degree from a college or university (bechalarly degree) 8. Graduate or professional degree (such as, matter), decrereis, medical discret) 7 Other 12. Did you take this course to meet a requirement for obtaining or renewing a license or certificate in	3 0 4 0 5 0 8 0 7 0	3 0 4 0 5 0 6 0 7 0	3 C 4 O 5 O 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	3 0 4 0 5 0 8 0 7 0	
INTERVIÈWER	O Entry o	SM 14 or less in stem 6 — Au 15 or more in stem 6 — A	lak homa 8–19 for the 4	(including equivalency cartificate) 3. Certificate or post high school delorms in a vocational program. 4. 2-year degree from a college of technical institute(assectate degree) 5. 4-year degree from e college or university (backeler's degree) 8. Graduate or professional degree (such as, master's, decrease, medical discree) 7. Other 12. Did you take this course to meet a requirement for	3 0 4 0 5 0 6 0 7 0	3 0 4 0 5 0 6 0 7 0 Yes 0 (Ash 12a) No 0 (Ship	3 C 4 O 5 O 6 O 7 O Yes O (Ash 12s)	3 O 4 O 5 O 8 O 7 O	
INTERVIEWER	O Entry o	SM 14 or less in stem 6 — Au 15 or more in stem 6 — A	lak homa 8–19 for the 4	(including equivalency cartificate) 3 Cartificats or Dost high school diploma in a vocational program 4 2-year degree from a college or technical institute (associate degree) 5 4-year degree from a college or university (bechalarly degree) 8. Graduate or professional degree (such as, matter), decrereis, medical discret) 7 Other 12. Did you take this course to meet a requirement for obtaining or renewing a license or certificate in	3 0 4 0 5 0 6 0 7 0	3 0 4 0 5 0 6 0 7 0	3 C 4 O 5 O 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	3 0 4 0 5 0 8 0 7 0	
INTERVIEWER	O Entry o	SM 14 or less in stem 6 — Au 15 or more in stem 6 — A	lak homa 8–19 for the 4	(including equivalency cartificate) 3 Cartificats or Dost high school diploma in a vocational program 4 2-year degree from a college or technical institute (associate degree) 5 4-year degree from a college or university (bechalarly degree) 8. Graduate or professional degree (such as, matter), decrereis, medical discret) 7 Other 12. Did you take this course to meet a requirement for obtaining or renewing a license or certificate in	3 0 4 0 5 0	3 0 4 0 5 0 6 0 7 0 Yes 0 (Ash 12s) No 0 (Ship to 13)	3 C 4 O 5 O 6 O 7 O You O (Ash 124) No O (Ship to 13)	3 O 4 O 5 O 8 O 7 O Yes O (Ash 124) No O (She 10)	
INTERVIEWER	O Entry o	SM 14 or less in stem 6 — Au 15 or more in stem 6 — A	lak homa 8–19 for the 4	(including equivalency cartificate) 3 Cartificats or post high school diploma in a vocational program 4 2-year degree from a college or technical institute (associate degree) 5 4-year degree from a college or university (backelery degree) 8. Graduate or professional degree (such as, matter's, decrease, medical dicter) 7 Other 12. Did you take this course to meet a requirement for obtaining or renewing a license or certificate in a trade or profession so required by law or regulation?	3 0 4 0 5 0 6 0 7 0 Yes 0 (Ash 12e) No 0 (Ship	3 0 4 0 5 0 6 0 7 0 Yes 0 (Ash 12a) No 0 (Ship	3 C 4 O 5 O 6 O 7 O Yes O (Ash 12a) No O (She	3 0 4 0 5 0 7 0 Yes 0 (Author) 124) No 0 (Ship	
. INTERVIEWER	O Entry o	SM 14 or less in stem 6 — Au 15 or more in stem 6 — A	lak homa 8–19 for the 4	(including equivalency cartificate) 3 Cartificats or post high school diploma in a vocational program 4 2-year degree from a college or technical institute (associate degree) 5 4-year degree from a college or university (backelery degree) 8. Graduate or professional degree (such as, matter's, decrease, medical dicter) 7 Other 12. Did you take this course to meet a requirement for obtaining or renewing a license or certificate in a trade or profession so required by law or regulation?	3 0 4 0 5 0	3 0 4 0 5 0 6 0 7 0 Yes 0 (Ash 12s) No 0 (Ship to 13)	3 C 4 O 5 O 6 O 7 O You O (Ash 124) No O (Ship to 13)	3 O 4 O 5 O 8 O 7 O Yes O (Ash 124) No O (She 10)	

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13. Who provided the instruction for this course?				.
	COURSE NUMBER 1	COURSE NUMBER 2	COURSE NUMBER 3	COURSE NUMBER 4
1. Elementary school or high school	1 0	10	<i>7</i> 1 0	1 0
2. 2-year community or pr. cellege, or technical institute	2. 0	2 0	2 0	2 0
3. 4 year college or university	30 ,	3 0	3 0	3 0
4. Vecational, trade, business, hospital, or flight school		4 0	4 0	4 0
S. Other school	5 0	5 0	5 0	5 O
6. Tuter or private instructor	60 _	• 0	6 c _	• 0
7. Business or industry	7 0	1. 0	7, 0	7. 0
8. Labor organization or professional association	● ○	• 0	• 0	• •
Federal, State, county or local government agency (a.e. military manus unit, exclusived ay master, recreation description).	၂ ၈ ၀	9 0	9 U	• 0
(a.g. military reserve unit, apricultural extension, recreation department). 10. Private community crysmix ">n (a.g. church, gyngageus, YACA, Red Creas, neighborhood association)	10 0	10 Č	10 0	10 0
11 Other (Specify)	11 0	11 0	11 0	11 0
12.Don't know	12 0	12 0	12 0	12 0
14. Was the instruction for this course provided by your employer for employees in your organization?	Yes O No O	Yes O No O	Yes O No O	Yes O Ne O
15. Who pold for this course? (Mark all that apply)				
1.Self or family	10	10	1.2	1 0
2. Gevernment				
(Federal, Seese, county, local government, including public schools)	2 0	2 0	2 0	2 0
3, Business or industry	3 0	3 0	3 C	3 0
4. Private organization (a.g. church, labor organization,				
professional association, YMCA, or Rad Cross)	4 0	4 0	40	4 0
S. Other (Specify).	5 0	5 0	6 0	• •
6, Den's knew,	. 60	6 0	• 0	6 0
18. INTERVIEWER CHECK ITEM		'		
1, "Self or family" is the only source of payment marked in 15	. 1 O (Ship to 19)	1. O (Ship to 19)	1. O (Ship to 19)	1, O (Ship to 19)
2. All other cases.	. 2. O (Ash 17)	2 O (Ash 17)	2. O (Ask 17)	2 O (Ash 17)
2. All other cases.			2 , 5 (1.11.1.)	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
17. Was your employer one of the sources of payment mentioned?	Yes O No O	Yes O No O	Yes O No O &	Yes O No O
18. INTERVIEWER CHECK ITEM			_	
		1 3 (44)	1 \ /// /41	- 1, ۞ (Ash 19)
1 "Self or family" is goe of the sources of payment marked in 15	1 0 (Ask 19)	1 7 (Ask 19)	1 → (Ask 19)	1, 5 (AM 10)
2. All either cases.	2. (End questions for shit person or go on to next course If applicable)	2. (End questions for this person or go on to next course if applicable)	2. > (End questions for this person or go on to next course H applicable)	(End questions for this person or go on to next course if applicable)
19. How much did you and your family pay for sultion and required feet?	.,		<u> </u>	
The state of the s	[5		<u> </u>	[5]
•				
	0000	0000	0000	0000
•	1111	5 5 5 4	1111	1111
•	2 2 c 2 3 3 3 3	1 3 3 3	7 3 3 3	3 3 3 3
	4 4 4 4	4 4 4 4	5 5 5 5	4 4 4 4
	5 5 5 5	5 5 5 5	6666	6666
	7777	? ? ? ?	3 3 5 5	7 7 7 7
	4 8 8 8	* * * * *	, 2 x x x	2 2 2 2 2 3 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
				M
	(Go on to next course or	(Go on to next course or	(Go on to next course or person as applicable)	(Go on to next course or person as applicable)
	parson at applicable)	person at applicable)		